# **★ MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC**





PD-5010

#### **CAUTION:**

Before servicing this chassis, it is important that the service person read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" and "PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE" contained in this manual.

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

• **Power** : AC 120V, 50/60Hz

480W (Typical) 5.4A (Maximum)

• Signals

Sync Range : Horiz : 15.5 to 93.8 kHZ

(Automatic : step scan) : Vert : 50.0 to 120 Hz (Automatic : step scan)

Input Signals : RGB, HD\*1,

DVD\*1, DTV\*1

Input Terminals

RGB : Visual 1 (Analog) : Mini D-sub 15-pin

Visual 2 (Analog) : BNC (R,G,B,H/CS,V)\*2 Visual 3 (M-LINK) : MONITORLINK™

Video : Visual 1 : RCA-pin

Visual 2 : BNC

Visual 3: S-Video: DIN 4-pin

DVD/HD/DTV : Visual 1 RCA-pin (Y,PB[CB],PR{CR])\*1

Visual 2 BNC (Y,PB[CB],PR(CR])\*1\*

Audio : Stereo RCA x 3 (Selectable) External Control : D-sub 9-pin (RS232C) • Sound Output : 7W+7W at 6 ohms

• **Dimensions** : (W)49.5" (H)30.2" (D)4.68"

(W)1257 (H)766 (D)119 mm

• **Weight** : 98 lbs / 44.5 kg

## <sup>1</sup> HD/DVD/DTV Input Signals supported:

 480P (60Hz)
 480I (60Hz)

 525P (60Hz)
 525I (60Hz)

 576P (50Hz)
 576I (50Hz)

 625P (50Hz)
 625I (50Hz)

 720P (60Hz)
 1035I (60Hz)

 1080I (50Hz)
 1080I (60Hz)

The 5-BNC connectors are used as RGB/PC2 and HD/DVD2 input.

Select one of them under "BNC SELECT".

- Weight and dimensions shown are approximate.
- Design specifications are subject to change without notice.

# MITSUBISHI DIGITAL ELECTRONICS AMERICA, INC.

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# **CONTENTS**

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS	2-1
TROUBLESHOOTING	3-1
METHOD OF ADJUSTMENTS	4-1
METHOD OF DISASSEMBLY	5-1
PACKAGING	6-1
PART LIST	7-1
CONNECTION DIAGRAMS	8-1
BLOCK DIAGRAM	9-1



CAUTION: TO REDUCE THE RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT OPEN REAR COVER. NO USER-SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL.



This symbol warns the user that uninsulated voltage within the unit may have sufficient magnitude to cause electric shock. Therefore, it is dangerous to make any kind of contact with any part inside of this unit.



This symbol alerts the user that important literature concerning the operation and maintenance of this unit has been included.

Therefore, it should be read carefully in order to avoid any problems.



ATTENTION: POUR EVITER LES RISQUES D'ELECTROCUTION, NE PAS ENLEVER LE CONVERCLE ARRÈRE. AUCUN DES ELEMENTS INTERNES NE DOIT ETRE REPARE PAR L'UTILISATEUR. NE CONFIER L'ENTRETIEN QU'A UN PERSONNEL QUALIFIE.



L'éclair fléché dans un triangle équilatéral est destiné à avertir l'utilisateur de la présence, dans l'appareil, d'une zone non-isolée soumise à une haute tension dont l'intensité est suffisante pour constituer un risque d'électrocution.

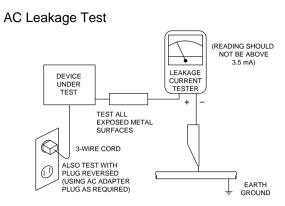


Le point d'exclamation dans un triangle équilatéral est destiné à attirer l' attention de l'utilisateur sur la présence d'informations de founctionnement et d'entretien importantes dans la brochure accompagnant l'appareil.



WARNING
HEATSINK MAY BE ENERGIZED.
TEST BEFORE TOUCHING.

- Before returning an instrument to the customer, always make a safety check of the entire instrument, including, but not limited to, the following items.
  - a. Be sure that no built-in protective devices are defective and/or have been defeated during servicing. (1) Protective shields are provided on this chassis to protect both the technician and the customer. Correctly replace all missing protective shields, including any removed for servicing convenience. (2) When reinstalling the chassis and/or other assembly in the cabinet, be sure to put back in place all protective devices, including but not limited to, nonmetallic control knobs, insulating fishpapers, adjustment and compartment covers/shields, and isolation resistor/capacitor networks. Do not operate this instrument or permit it to be operated without all protective devices correctly installed and functioning.
  - b. Be sure that there are no cabinet openings through which an adult or child might be able to insert their fingers and contact a hazardous voltage. Such opening include,but are not limited to, (1) spacing between the picture tube and the cabinet mask, (2) excessively wide cabinet ventilation slots, and (3) an improperly fitted and/or incorrectly secured cabinet back cover.
  - c. Leakage Current Hot Check With the instrument completely reassembled plug the AC line cord directly into a 240V AC outlet. (Do not use an isolation transformer during this test.) Use a leakage current tester or a metering system that complies with American National Standards Institutes (ANSI) C101.1 Leakage Current for Appliances and Underwriters Laboratories(UL) 1950. With the instrument AC switch first in the ON position and then in the OFF position, measure from a known earth ground (metal waterpipe, conduit, etc.) to all exposed metal parts of the instrument(antennas, handle bracket, metal cabinet, screwheads, metallic overlays, control shafts, etc.), especially any exposed metal parts that offer an electrical return path to the chassis. Any current measured must not exceed 3.5 milliamp. Reverse the instrument power cord plug in the outlet and repeat test. ANY MEASUREMENTS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS SPECIFIED HEREIN INDICATE A POTENTIAL SHOCK HAZARD THAT MUST BE ELIMINATED BEFORE RETURNING THE INSTRUMENT TO THE CUSTOMER.



- Read and comply with all caution and safety-related notes on or inside the Monitor cabinet, on the Projection Monitor chassis, or on the picture tube.
- 3. Design Alteration Warning Do not alter or add to the mechanical or electrical design of this unit. Design alterations and additions, including, but not limited to, circuit modifications and the addition of the items such as auxiliary audio and/or video output connections might alter the safety characteristics of this Monitor and create a hazard to the user. Any design alterations or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty and will make you,the servicer,responsible for personal injury or property damage resulting therefrom.
- 4. Hot Chassis Warning a. Some MultiSync Monitor chassis are electrically connected directly to one conductor of the AC power cord and may be safely serviced without an isolation transformer only if the AC power plug is inserted so that the chassis is connected to the ground side of the AC power source. To confirm that the AC power plug is inserted correctly, with an AC voltmeter measure between the chassis and a known earth ground. If a voltage reading in excess of 1.0V is obtained, remove and reinsert the AC power plug in the opposite polarity and again measure the voltage potential between the chassis and a known earth ground. b. Some Plasma chassis normally have 85V AC (RMS), between chassis and earth ground regardless of the AC plug polarity. These chassis can be safely serviced only with an isolation transformer inserted in the power line between the receiver and the AC power source, for both personnel and test equipment protection. c. Some Plasma chassis have a secondary ground systems in addition to the main chassis ground. This secondary ground system is not isolated from the AC power line. The two ground system are electrically separated by insulating material that must not be defeated or altered.

- 5. Observe original lead dress. Take extra care to assure correct lead dress in the following areas: a. near sharp edges, b. near thermally hot parts—be sure that leads and components do not touch thermally hot parts, c. the AC supply, d. high voltage, and e. antenna wiring. Always inspect in all areas for pinched, out-of-place, or frayed wiring. Do not change spacing between components, and between components and the printed-circuit board. Check AC power cord for damage.
- 6. Components,parts, and/or wiring that appear to have overheated or are otherwise damaged should be replaced with components, parts, or wiring that meet original specifications. Additionally,determine the cause of overheating and/or damage and, if necessary, take corrective action to remove any potential safety hazard.
- 7. PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE —Many MultiSync Monitor electrical and mechanical parts have special safety-related characteristics some of which are often not evident from visual inspection, nor can the protection they give necessarily be obtained by replacing them with components rated for higher voltage, wattage, etc. Parts that have special safety characteristics are identified in this service data by shading with a mark on schematics and by shading or a mark in the parts list. Use of a substitute replacement part that does not have the same safety characteristics as the recommended replacement part in this service data parts list might create shock, fire, and/or other hazards.

#### PRECAUTIONS DE SECURITE

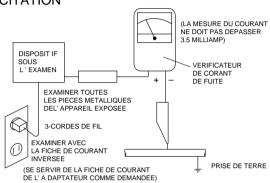
- 1. Avant de remettre un appareil à un client, faire toujours d'abord un examen de sécurité de l'appareil en entier comprenant, mais ne s'y limitant pas les points cités ci-dessous:
  - a. Vérifier qu' aucun des dispositifs de protection ne soit défectueux ou n' ait été endommagé pendant les travaux.
    - (1) Les volets protecteurs sur ce châssis ont été montés pour protéger aussi bien le technicien que le client. Remplacer correctement tous les volets protecteurs manquants, aussi bien que ceux qui ont pu être enlevés pour la commodité des travaux.
    - (2) Quand vous remettez le châssis ou d'autres assemblages ensemble dans le coffret, vérifier qu' ont été remis à leur place tous les dispositifs de protection, comprenant mais ne s' y limitant point, les boutons de contrôle non-métalliques, les feuilles d'isolation, les couverture/volets de l'ajustement et du compartiment, et l'isolation des réseaux résistance/condensateur. Ne pas travailler sur cet appareil ni permettre qu'y soit effectué un travail sans que tous les dispositifs de protection n' y soient correctement installés fonctionnants.
  - b. Bien vérifier qu'il n'y ait aucune ouverture sur le coffret qui ne puisse permettre à un adulte ou à un enfant d'y faire pénétrer ses doigts et attraper une décharge électrique.
    - De telles ouvertures comprendraient sans pour autant s'y limiter (1) l'espace entre le tube à images et le coffret de l'eppareil, (2) les espaces excessivement ouverts pour la ventilation et (3) la couverture arrière du coffret improprement fixée ou incorrectement protegée.

#### c. Vérification de courant de fuite

L'appareil ayant été complètement réassemblé, brancher-le à une prise de courant de 240V. (Ne pas se servir d'un transformateur d'isolation pendant ce test). Se servir d'un vérificateur de courant d'excitation ou d'un système de mesure conforme aux normes ANSI (American National Standards Institute) C101.1 Leakage Current for Appliances et U. L (Underwriters Laboratories) 1950. Le bouton de l'appareil en position "Marche" et ensuite en position "Arrêt", mesurer à partir d'une prise de terre (métallique tuyauterie, conduite, etc...) à toutes les pièces métalliques de l'appareil exposées (antennes, poignet métalliques, coffren métallique, tête des vis, surfaces métalliques, traits de contrôle, etc.) surtout à toutes les pièces métalliques exposées qui peuvent reconduire le courant au châssis. En aucun cas, la mesure du

courant ne doit dépasser 3.5 milliamp. Inverser la fiche de courant de l'appareil dans la prise et répéter le test. Tout mesurage ne s'arrêtant pas aux limites spécifiées icicomporte un risque de décharge électrique dangereux, qui doit être éliminé, avant que l'appareil ne soit remis au client.

#### EXAMEN DE COURANT D'EXCITATION



- 2. Lire et respecter toutes les mises en garde et notes de sécurité à l'intérieur ou à l'extérieur du coffret du rétro-projecteur, sur le châssis du rétro-projecteur ou sur le tube à images.
- 3. Mise en garde contre la modification du dessin

  Ne pas modifier ni ajouter à la pièce mécanique ou
  électrique du modèle. Des modifications ou additions, comportant, mais ne s'y limitant pas, des
  modifications des circuits et l'addition d'éléments
  tels que des auxilliairs audio et/ou des
  branchements pour la prise de vidéo, pourrait
  éprouver la sécurité de ce rétro-projecteur et créer
  un risque pour l'utilisateur. Tout changement ou addition accomplie annulera la garantie du fabricant et
  va rendre votre service d'entretien, responsable des
  dommages corporels ou de biens en résultant.

#### 4. Mise en garde contre le châssis sous tension

a. Certains châssis de rétro-projecteur sont électriquement reliés à un conducteur du fil de courant et ainsi peuvent ne comporter aucun risque sans un transformateur d'isolation seulement si la prise de courant est branchée, de manière que le châssis est relié à la prise de terre de la source de courant. Pour s'assurer que la prise de courant est correctement insérée, relever les mesures avec un voltmètre de courant entre le châssis et un point de prise de terre bien connu. Si le voltage indiqué est supérieur à 1,0V, débrancher et reinsérer la prise de courant dans la polarité contraire et une fois de plus remesurer le voltage potentiel entre le câssis et la prise de terre.

#### PRECAUTIONS DE SECURITE

- b. Certains châssis de moniteur ont habituellement 85V (RMS) entre le châssis et la prise de terre, en fonction de la polarité de la prise de courant. Ces châssis peuvent ne comporter aucun risque seulement avec un transformateur d'isolation inséré dans la ligne de puissance située entre de rétro-projecteur et la source d'électricité, cela pour la protection aussi bien du personnel que du matériel de vérfication.
- c. Certains châssis de rétro-projecteur ont un système secondaire de masse en addition avec le système principal de masse du châssis. Ce système secondaire de masse n'est pas isolé du courant électrique. Les deux systèmes sont électriquement séparés par du matériel d'isolation qu' on vérifiera bien qu'il ne soit ni altéré ni défectueux.
- 5. Vérifier la couverture originale en plomb. Accorder la plus grande attention à la couverture de plomb notamment aux endroits ci-dessous indiqués.
  - a. Près des bords aigus
  - b. près des parties très chaudes
     Vérifier que les composants et les plombs ne touchent pas les parties très chaudes telles que:
  - c. l'alimentation du courant
  - d. la haute tension
  - e. les fils de l'antenne

Pousser l'inspection, à tous les endroits, à la recherche des cordes pincées, déplacées ou effilochées. Ne pas changer l'écartement entre composants, et entre composants et le tableau de circuit imprimé. Vérifier que le fil de conduite électrique est en bon état.

6. Les composants, parts (pièces) et/ou fils qui ont été trouvés surchauffés devraient être remplacés avec les composants, pièces et fils s'y reliant avec d'autre qui ont les mêmes spécifications que les originales. De plus, rechercher la cause du surchauffement et/ ou des dommages et si nécessaire, prendre les mesures propres pour prévenir tout risque potentiel.

#### 7. Note sur sûreté de l'appareil

Beaucoup de pièce de rétro-projecteur, qu'elles soient électriques ou mécaniques, ont des dispositions de sécurité qui ne sont pas toujours évidentes d'une simple inspection visuelle et la protection qu'elles donnent nécessairement ne pourront être pas obtenues par les remplaçants avec des composants aux voltages ou watts plus élevés. Les pièces qui ont des caractéristiques particulières de sécurité sont identifiées avec un trait  $\triangle$  marqué sur les schémas et sont ombragés ou comportent un trait  $\triangle$  sur la liste des pièces. L'utilisation d'un produit substitutif qui n'aurait pas les mêmes caractéristiques comme il est recommandé dans ces données d'entretien pourrait provoquer une décharge électrique, un feu, et/ou d'autres dangers.

#### 1. Cautions for disassembly

#### (1) For the wall-hang type

• During handling, try to support the set at its frame. Never touch the filter or glass surface. Assistant personnel on the front side should apply hands to the lower part of the casing. [If the casing receives an impact, the unseen side area of the module panel glass may be broken even though the module itself does not seem to have been broken. Therefore, support the frame by hand in order not to drop it.]

# 2. The least minimum cautions for product disassembly

- Secure a working space, arranged as wide as possible.
- Prior to disassembling the set, protect the acrylic surface with an air mat or the like.
- To prevent the thread ridges from being damaged, use an adequate screwdriver.
- Many screws are actually used. Therefore, use two or three containers where these screws can be kept . Never disassemble the inner parts of the module (pipes, etc.).
- When lifting the module from the set, two persons should stand on both sides of the module to hold the stable parts of the junction while they lift the module upright. (If dust or such foreign substance enters in between the module and the filter, moir\* or similar problems can arise. In addition, once it enters, it is necessary to take careful measures not to damage the contamination area while removing contaminants.) [Please understand that the replacement of the module may call for an air-blast treatment (air brush) in a clean room.] Complementary caution) In particular, if a conductive foreign matter (such as a metallic chip) is attached to the flexible cable of the module, there can be danger of the occurrence of a phenomenon like wire breakage that is caused by partition breakdown in the module. For this reason, it is necessary to bear in mind that the flow of air blast should be directed only in the predetermined direction at all times.

### (Notes)

The component by the name of "module" used in this product is defined as a section that is provided with a digital circuit board (including high-voltage parts) used to emit light in the glass panel part, excluding the surface acrylic filter or the tempered glass filter. It must be noted that it does never mean the glass panel part only.

# **TROUBLESHOOTING**

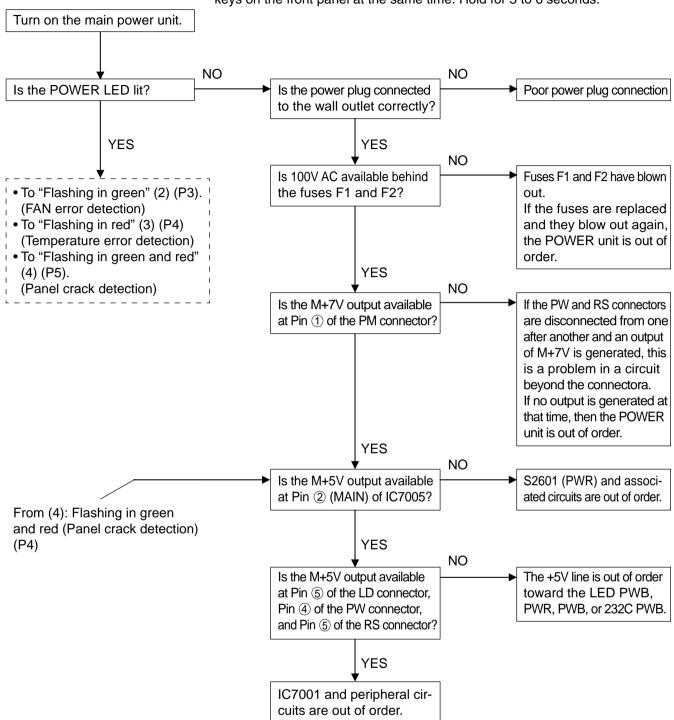
#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

- In the case of abnormality in the POWER system, such as "No power available" or "Alarm (LED flashing)"
   Go to → 1. Power failure (P2)
- In the case of abnormality in the VIDEO system, such as "No picture" or "Picture errors"
   Go to → 2. No picture displayed, picture errors (P6)
- In the case of no audio output
   Go to → 3. No audio output generated (P15)

If set shuts down, reset the microprocessor by pressing the <Power On> and <Input> keys on the front panel at the same time. Hold for 5 to 6 seconds.

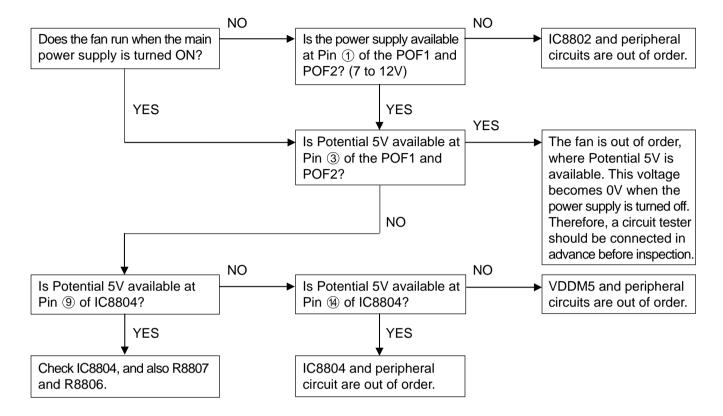
#### 1. Power failure

# (1) POWER is turned OFF. Note: To Reset the Microprocessor, Press and hold the <Power On> and <Input> keys on the front panel at the same time. Hold for 5 to 6 seconds.

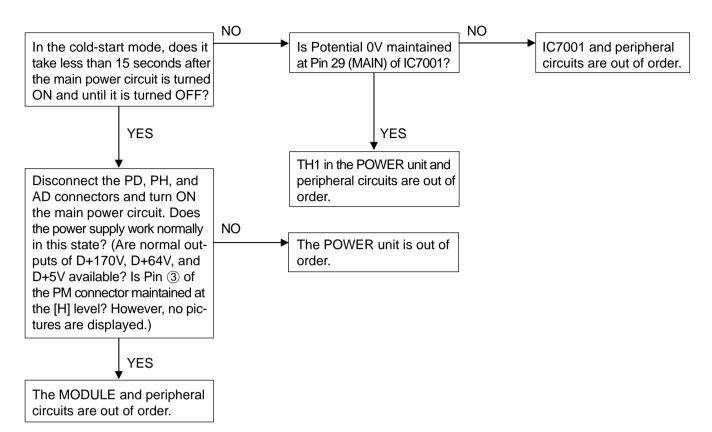


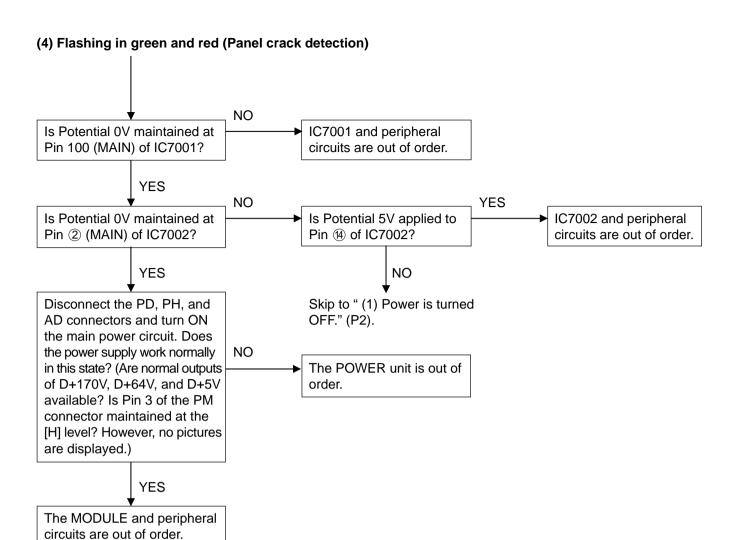
(Caution) When the LED is flashing (protector in operation), all power lines other than M+7 are automatically turned off. When checking the power lines other than the M+7V system, a circuit tester or the like should be connected to the measuring point in advance, for confirmation.

#### (2) Flashing in green (FAN error detection)



#### (3) Flashing in red (Temperature error detection)





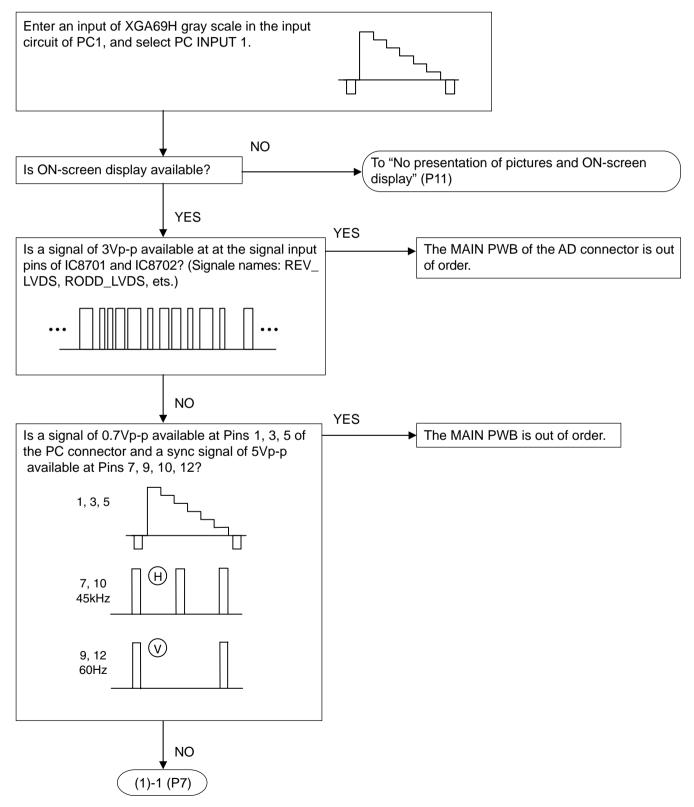
(Caution) How to cancel the alarm condition:

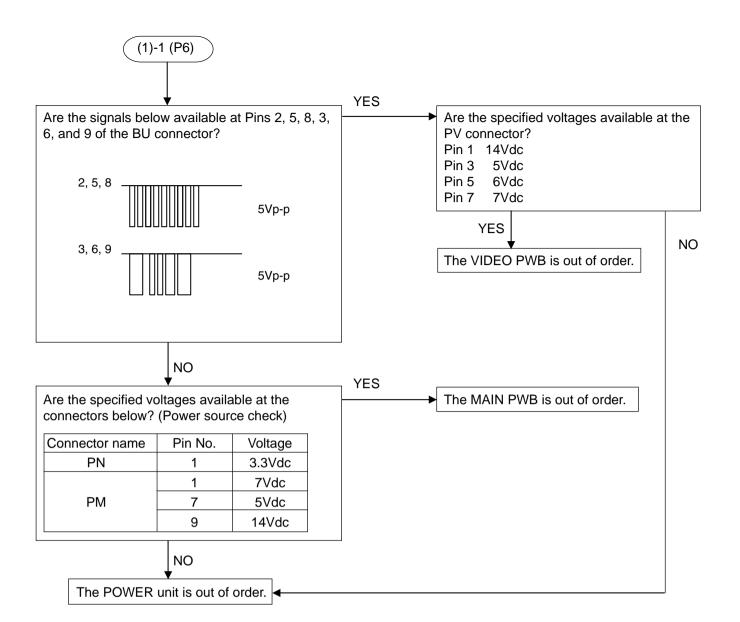
- While flashing in green and red occurs, the power supply cannot be reset by ON/OFF operation at the main power switch, remote control, and wall outlet.
- For alarm resetting, keep pressing the input selector key at the main unit of the set and move the mains power switch to [ON] at the main unit. In this state, it is necessary to keep pressing the input selector key of the main unit for more than 2 seconds.

# 2. No picture displayed and picture errors

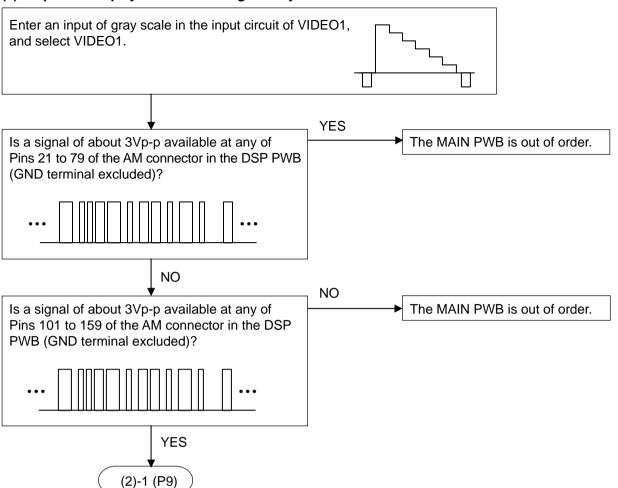
(Caution) IPXXXX is installed in the MAIN PWB and the VIDEO PWB. These components are inserted in the power line. If there is any error occurring in the circuit, these components function to prevent the evolution of this problem to other areas. Accordingly, check whether the same voltage is generated at both ends of each component. (In normal state, the component is internally short-circuited.) If the same voltage is not generated, this means that the MAIN PWB is out of order. The same check is needed also for the DSP PWB.

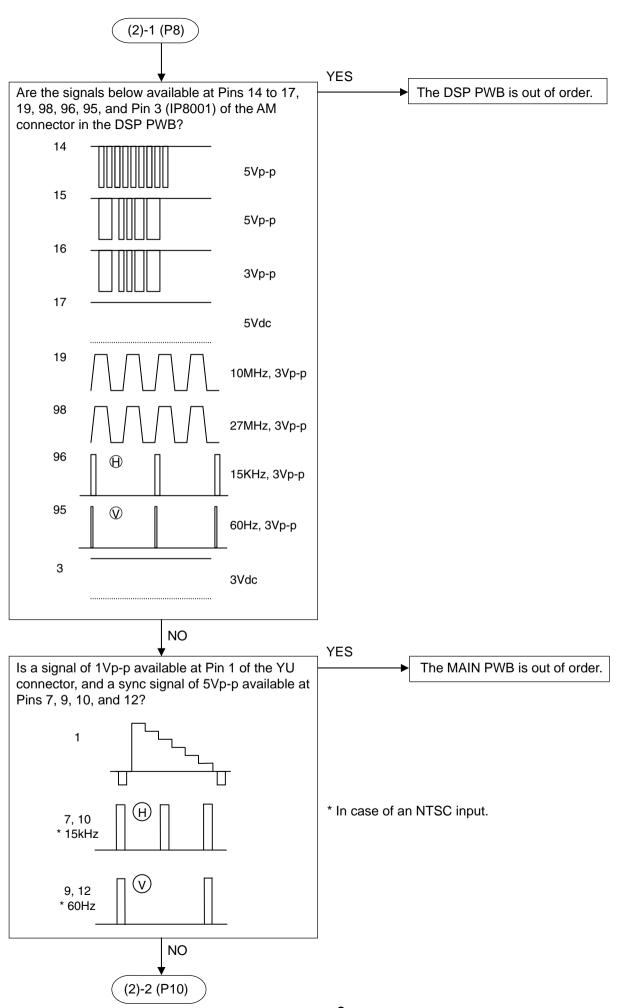
## (1) No picture display of the PC signal only or both the VIDEO and PC signals

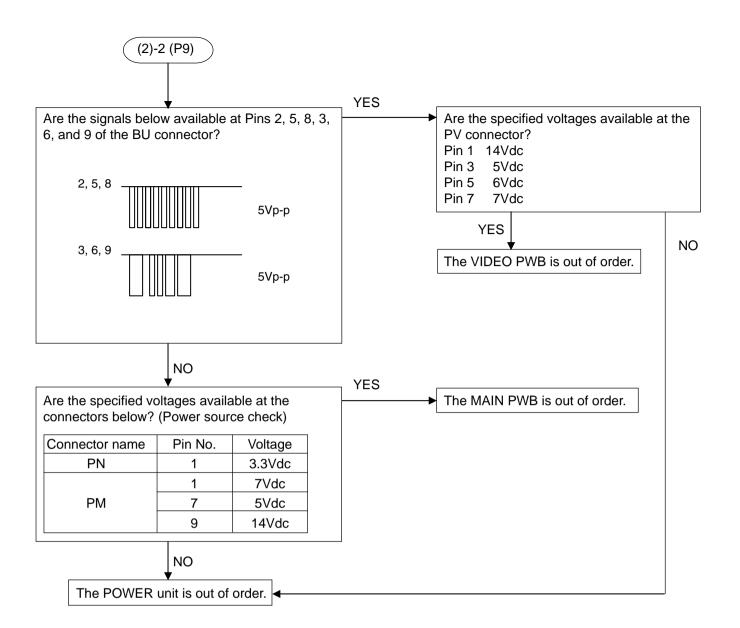


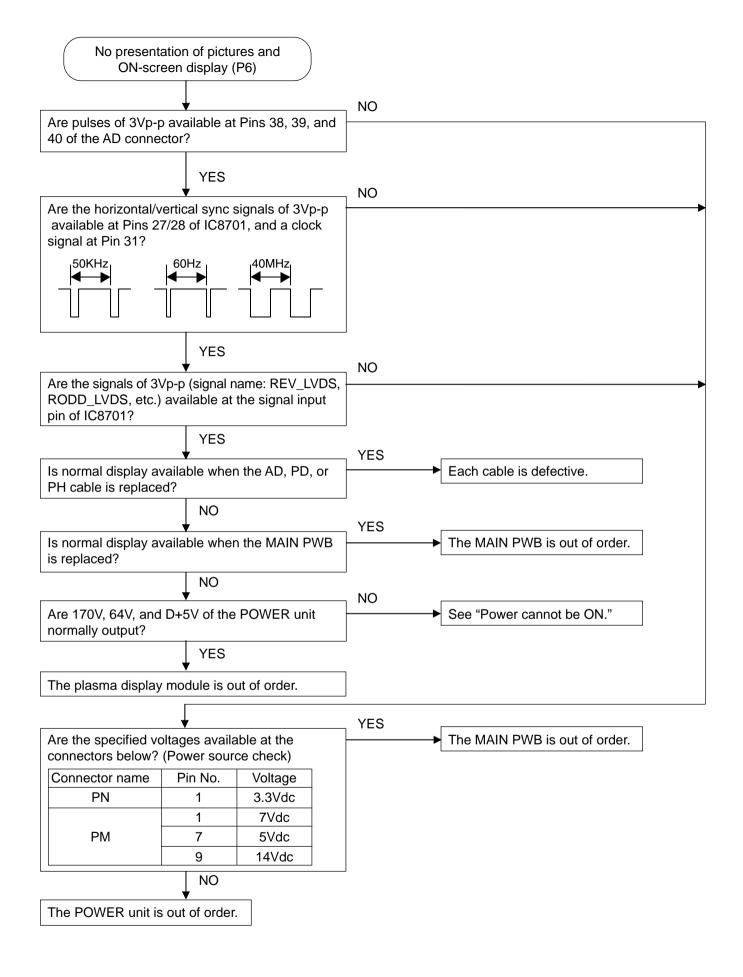


# (2) No picture display of the VIDEO signal only

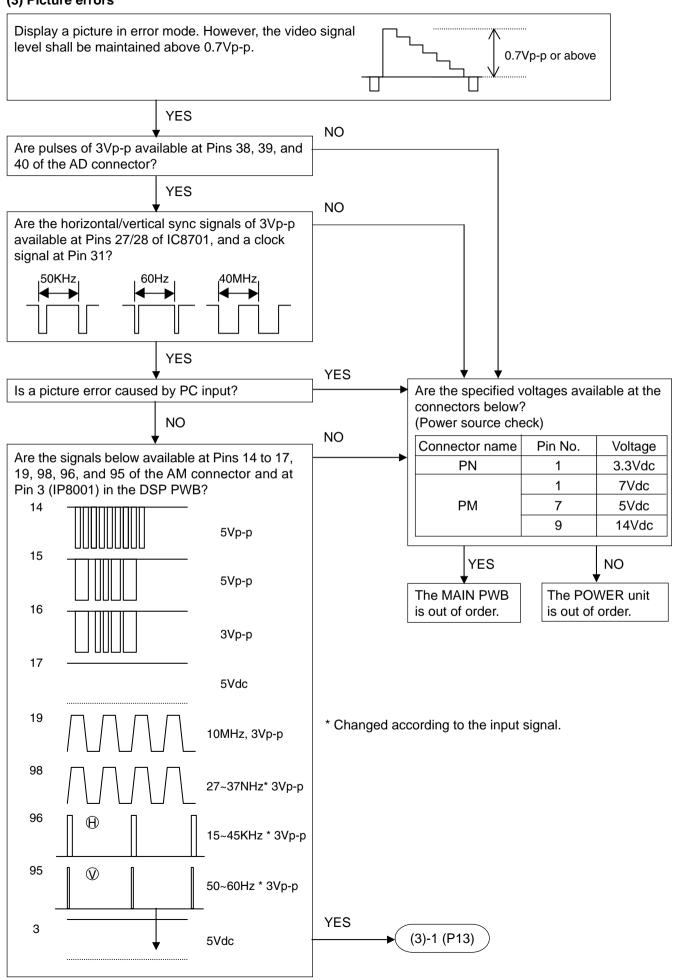


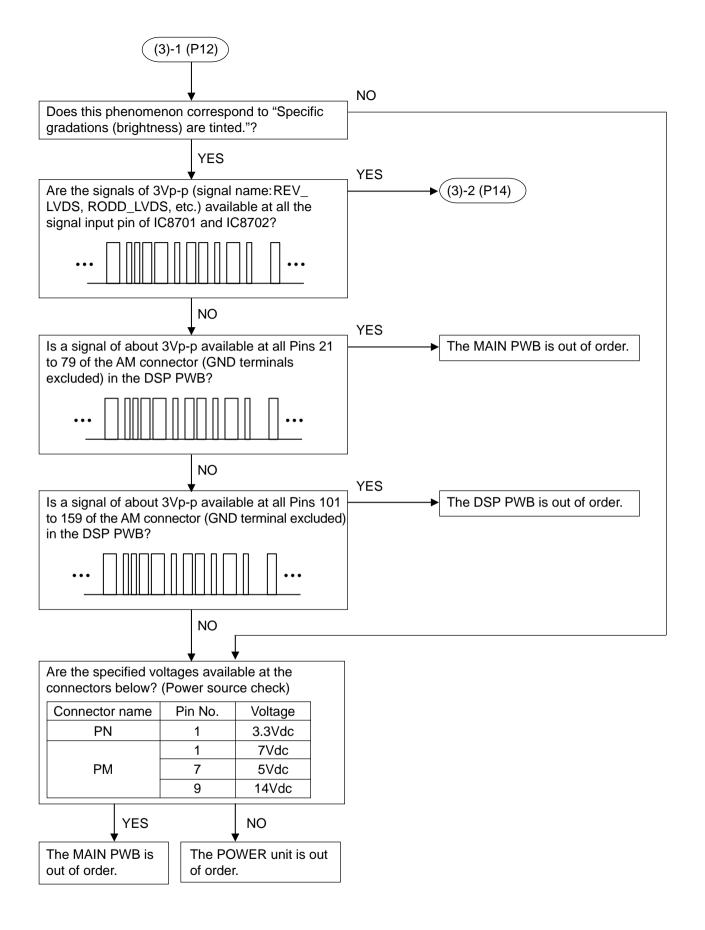


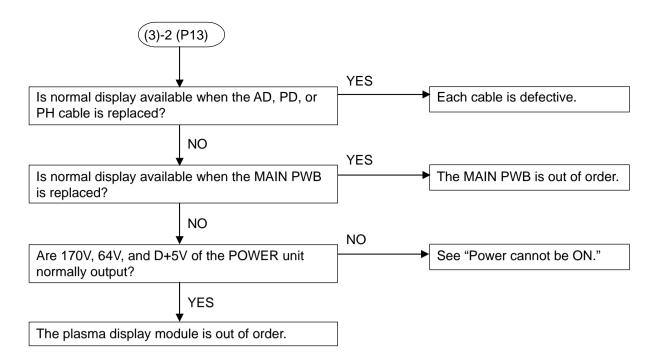




#### (3) Picture errors

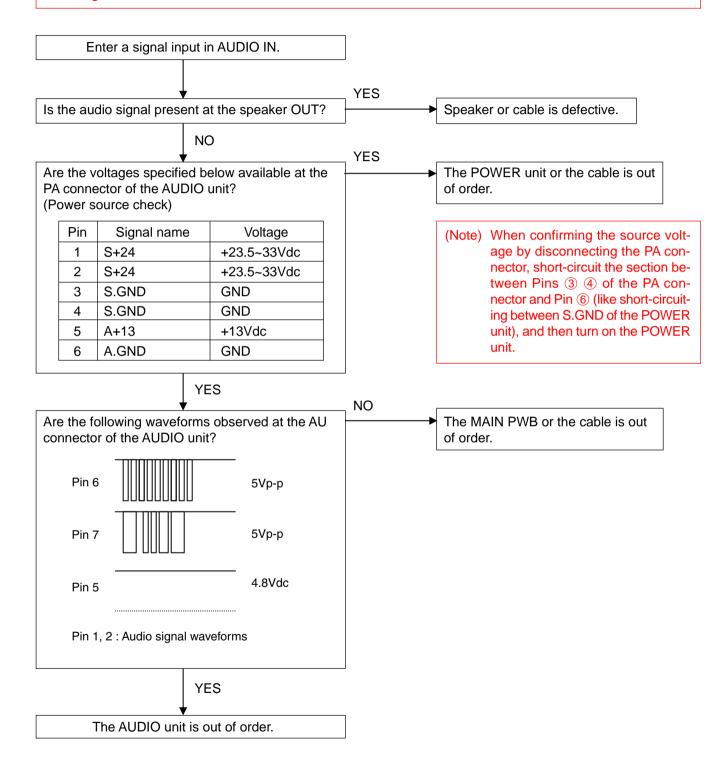






# 3. No audio output generated

**Note)** This model is enabled to set up an audio input terminal for each video input terminal. No audio output is available unless the input terminal of the displayed pictures (example: VIDEO 1) coincides with that of audio (example: RGB 3). Therefore, analysis for troubleshooting should be carried out after the displayed video input terminal (example: VIDEO 1) has been made to coincide with the audio input terminal according to the instruction manual.



# **METHOD OF ADJUSTMENTS**

#### **Adjusting conditions**

Adjustments should be carried out in accordance with the procedures described below. However, any adjustments other than the items A & B below are not required.

A. When the [PDP module] is replaced, adjust the sections according to the adjusting items [1 to 3] specified below.

(Caution) When the PDP module has been replaced, clear the USAGE TIME to "0" without fail, according to "how to clear the usage time" shown below.

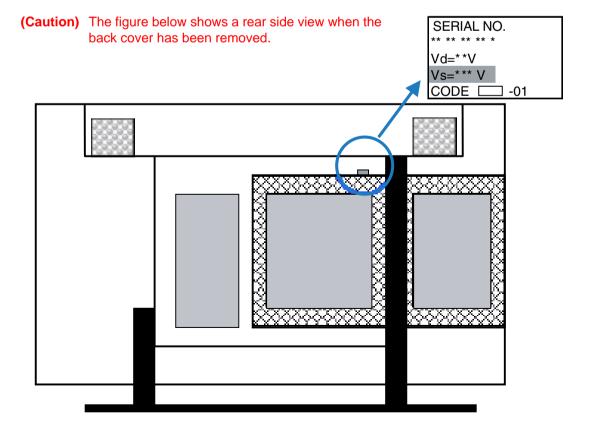
B. When the [POWER unit] is replaced, adjust the sections according to the adjusting items [1 to 3] specified below.

#### \* How to clear the usage time

Assume the following factory mode by the use of the remote control. Press [MENU/ENTER] key six times to get the screen [USAGE TIME]. In this state, the integrated time up to the present time is displayed. The integrated time is cleared to [0] when the remote control keys are pressed in the order of [MUTE]  $\rightarrow$  cursor keys [ $\Lambda$ ]  $\rightarrow$  cursor keys [V]  $\rightarrow$  [SLEEP].

## 1. Adjustment of +170V

- (1) Using any video signal of VIDEO input, DVD/HD input, or RGB input, and display a color bar signal. Turn on the power switch of the main unit.
- (2) Turn the volume control (RV3) in the [D+170V ADJ] section of the power unit, and adjust the voltage value between TP3 (D+170V output) and TP2 (D.GND) of the power unit so that this voltage settles within the range of "specified voltage of the PDP module (Value Vs on the label shown below) ± 1V."



# 2. Adjustment of +64V

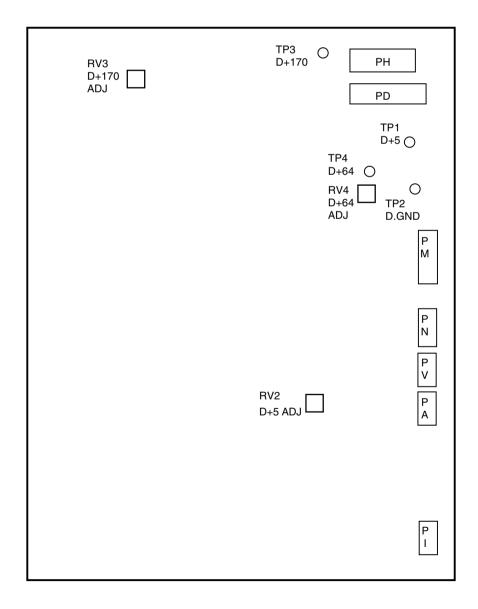
- (1) Using any video signal of VIDEO input, DVD/HD input, or RGB input, and display a color bar signal. Turn on the power switch of the main unit.
- (2) Confirm that the voltage at TP4 (D+60V output) and TP2 (D.GND) of the power unit is maintained at a voltage value (Vd value of the label described in Item 1 above) within ± 1V, specified for the PDP module. If the voltage specified above cannot be secured, turn the volume control (RV4) in the [D+64V ADJ] block and adjust the voltage until it attains "the voltage specified for the PDP module (Value Vd on the label of the above-mentioned Item 1) ± 1V."

# 3. Adjustment of +5V

- (1) Use any video signal of VIDEO input, DVD/HD input, or RGB input, and display a color bar signal.
- (2) Confirm that the voltage value between TP1 (+5V output) and TP2 (D.GND) of the power unit is maintained at " $5.10 \pm 0.1$ V."

If the voltage specified above cannot be secured, turn the volume control (RV2) in the [D+5V ADJ] block and adjust the voltage until it attains  $\underline{\text{"5.10} \pm 0.1V."}$ 

### \* POWER unit layout



# [Morgue]

# 1. Signal Generator

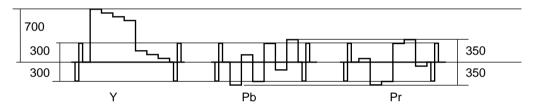
- (1) Digital RGB and component signal generator
  - Equivalent to the Video Generator LT1615 (made by LEADER)
  - Equivalent to the Panel Adapter LT9217 (made by LEADER)
  - Equivalent to the Video Encoder LT1606 (made by LEADER)
- (2) NTSC signal generator
  - Equivalent to the NTSC Pattern Generator LCG-403YC (made by LEADER)
- (3) PAL signal generator
  - Equivalent to the Color Bar Pattern Generator PM5518 (made by PHILIPS)

### 2. VIDEO input

Input: Composite video input or S-terminal input for one system

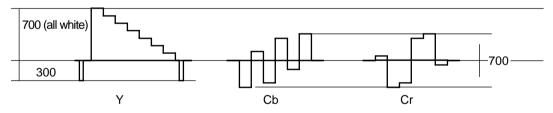
### 3. DVD/HD/DTV input

3-1. HD: Y/Pb/Pr component input, tri-sync signal



100% color bar signal (mVp-p)

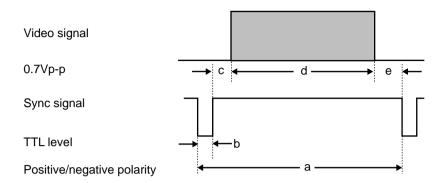
#### 3-2. DVD: Y/B-Y/R-Y component input



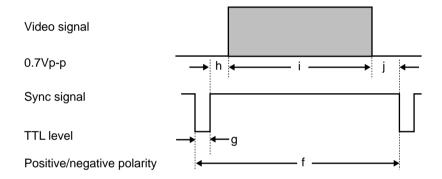
75% color bar signal (mVp-p)

# 4. RGB/PC input

# 1) Horizontal sync period



# (2) Vertical sync period



<sup>\*</sup> The data a to j above are specified in the next page and thereafter, classified for various inspection signals.

# 5. RGB/PC signal timing table

PC mode	1	2	3	4	5
Signal name	VU-6010 NTSC	VU-6010 PAL/SECAM	PC98 400@56Hz	IBM 400@70Hz	PC98 480@60HZ
Definition	640*240	768*288	640*400	640*400	640*480
Dot clock frequency (MHz)	12.214	14.752	21.053	25.175	25.175
H frequency (kHz)	15.734	15.557	24.826	31.469	31.469
V frequency (Hz)	59.94	50.39	56.423	70.086	59.94
H total (uS)	63.534	64.262	40.285	31.778	31.778
(dots)	776	948	848	800	800
H display period (uS)	52.4	52.06	30.4	25.422	25.422
(dots)	640	768	640	640	640
H front porch (uS)	1.146	1.288	2.803	0.675	0.596
(dots)	14	19	59	17	15
H sync pulse width (uS)	8.76	8.677	3.04	2.542	3.813
(dots)	107	128	64	64	96
H back porch (uS)	1.228	2.237	4.037	3.138	1.946
(dots)	15	33	85	79	49
V total (mS)	16.652	20.055	17.723	14.268	16.683
(line)	262	312	440	449	525
V display period (mS)	15.3	18.513	16.112	12.711	15.253
(line)	240	288	400	400	480
V front porch (mS)	0.191	0.321	0.282	0.413	0.191
(line)	3	5	7	13	6
V sync pulse width (mS)	1.144	1.093	0.322	0.064	0.064
(line)	18	17	8	2	2
V back porch (mS)	0.064	0.064	1.007	1.08	1.176
(line)	1	1	25	34	37
H sync polarity	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
V sync polarity	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
Scan type	Interlaced	Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced

PC mode	6	7	8	9	10
Signal name	MAC@13"	VESA 480@72Hz	VESA 480@75Hz	VESA 480@85Hz	XGA-2 480@75HZ
Definition	640*480	640*480	640*480	640*480	640*480
Dot clock frequency (MHz)	30.24	31.5	31.5	36.0	31.5
H frequency (kHz)	35	37.861	37.5	43.269	39.375
V frequency (Hz)	66.667	72.809	75	85.008	75
H total (uS)	28.571	26.413	26.667	23.111	25.4
(dots)	864	832	840	832	800
H display period (uS)	21.164	20.317	20.317	17.778	20.32
(dots)	640	640	640	640	640
H front porch (uS)	2.116	0.762	0.508	1.556	0.508
(dots)	64	24	16	56	16
H sync pulse width (uS)	2.116	1.27	2.032	1.556	3.048
(dots)	64	40	64	56	96
H back porch (uS)	3.175	4.064	3.81	2.222	1.524
(dots)	96	128	120	80	48
V total (mS)	15	13.735	13.333	11.764	13.333
(line)	525	520	500	509	525
V display period (mS)	13.714	12.678	12.8	11.093	12.19
(line)	480	480	480	480	480
V front porch (mS)	0.086	0.237	0.027	0.023	0.279
(line)	3	9	1	1	11
V sync pulse width (mS)	0.086	0.079	0.08	0.069	0.051
(line)	3	3	3	3	2
V back porch (mS)	1.114	0.739	0.427	0.578	0.813
(line)	39	28	16	25	32
H sync polarity	Sync on G	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
V sync polarity	Sync on G	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
Scan type	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced

PC mode	11	12	13	14	15
Signal name	VESA 600@56Hz	VESA 600@60Hz	VESA 600@72Hz	VESA 600@75Hz	VESA 600@85Hz
Definition	800*600	800*600	800*600	800*600	800*600
Dot clock frequency (MHz)	36	40	50	49.5	56.25
H frequency (kHz)	35.156	37.879	48.077	46.875	53.674
V frequency (Hz)	56.25	60.317	72.188	75	85.061
H total (uS)	28.444	26.4	20.8	21.333	18.631
(dots)	1024	1056	1040	1056	1048
H display period (uS)	22.222	20	16	16.162	14.222
(dots)	800	800	800	800	800
H front porch (uS)	0.667	1	1.12	0.323	0.569
(dots)	24	40	56	16	32
H sync pulse width (uS)	2	3.2	2.4	1.616	1.138
(dots)	72	128	120	80	64
H back porch (uS)	3.556	2.2	1.28	3.232	2.702
(dots)	128	88	64	160	152
V total (mS)	17.778	16.579	13.853	13.333	11.756
(line)	625	628	666	625	631
V display period (mS)	17.067	15.84	12.48	12.8	11.179
(line)	600	600	600	600	600
V front porch (mS)	0.028	0.026	0.77	0.021	0.019
(line)	1	1	37	1	1
V sync pulse width (mS)	0.057	0.106	0.125	0.064	0.056
(line)	2	4	6	3	3
V back porch (mS)	0.626	0.607	0.478	0.448	0.503
(line)	22	23	23	21	27
H sync polarity	Pos.	Pos.	Pos.	Pos.	Pos.
V sync polarity	Pos.	Pos.	Pos.	Pos.	Pos.
Scan type	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced

PC mode	16	17	18	19	20
Signal name	MAC@16"	I/O dater wide	CEREB wide 1	VESA wide (NEC 1)	VESA wide (NEC 2)
Definition	832*624	852*480	864*480	848*480	1024*576
Dot clock frequency (MHz)	57.2832	34.006	42.526	33.75	47.25
H frequency (kHz)	49.725	31.722	37.5	31.02	35.795
V frequency (Hz)	74.55	59.966	75	60	60.059
H total (uS)	20.111	31.524	26.667	32.237	27.937
(dots)	1152	1072	1134	1088	1320
H display period (uS)	14.524	25.055	20.317	25.126	21.672
(dots)	832	852	864	848	1024
H front porch (uS)	0.559	0.659	0.508	0.474	0.339
(dots)	32	22	22	16	16
H sync pulse width (uS)	1.117	3.764	2.032	3.319	3.048
(dots)	64	128	86	112	144
H back porch (uS)	3.91	2.047	3.81	3.319	2.878
(dots)	224	70	162	112	136
V total (mS)	13.414	16.676	13.333	16.667	16.65
(line)	667	529	500	517	596
V display period (mS)	12.549	15.132	12.8	15.474	16.091
(line)	624	480	480	480	576
V front porch (mS)	0.02	0.378	0.027	0.193	0.056
(line)	1	12	1	6	2
V sync pulse width (mS)	0.06	0.095	0.08	0.258	0.112
(line)	3	3	3	8	4
V back porch (mS)	0.784	1.072	0.427	0.741	0.391
(line)	39	34	16	23	14
H sync polarity	Sync on G	Neg	Pos.	Pos.	Pos.
V sync polarity	Sync on G	Neg	Neg	Pos.	Pos.
Scan type	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced

PC mode	21	22	23	24	25
Signal name	VESA wide (NEC 3)	VESA wide (NEC 4)	CEREB wide 2	VESA 768@60Hz	VESA 768@70Hz
Definition	1280*720	1360*768	1024*600	1024*768	1024*768
Dot clock frequency (MHz)	76.5	85.5	51.2	65	75
H frequency (kHz)	45.106	47.712	37.879	48.363	56.476
V frequency (Hz)	60.142	60.015	60.317	60.004	70.069
H total (uS)	22.17	20.959	26.4	20.677	17.707
(dots)	1696	1792	1352	1344	1328
H display period (uS)	16.732	15.906	20	15.754	13.653
(dots)	1280	1360	1024	1024	1024
H front porch (uS)	0.627	0.749	1	0.369	0.32
(dots)	48	64	51	24	24
H sync pulse width (uS)	2.301	1.310	3.2	2.092	1.813
(dots)	176	112	164	136	136
H back porch (uS)	2.51	2.994	2.2	2.462	1.92
(dots)	192	256	113	160	144
V total (mS)	16.627	16.662	15.579	16.666	14.272
(line)	750	795	628	806	806
V display period (mS)	15.962	16.097	15.84	15.88	13.599
(line)	720	768	600	768	768
V front porch (mS)	0.089	0.063	0.026	0.062	0.053
(line)	4	3	1	3	3
V sync pulse width (mS)	0.177	0.126	0.106	0.124	0.106
(line)	8	6	4	6	6
V back porch (mS)	0.399	0.377	0.607	0.6	0.513
(line)	18	18	23	29	29
H sync polarity	Pos.	Pos.	Neg	Neg.	Neg.
V sync polarity	Pos.	Pos.	Pos.	Neg.	Neg.
Scan type	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced

PC mode	26	27	28	29	30
Signal name	VESA 768@75Hz	VESA 768@85Hz	MAC@19"	VESA 1024@60Hz	VESA 1024@75Hz
Definition	1024*768	1024*768	1024*768	1280*1024	1280*1024
Dot clock frequency (MHz)	78.75	94.5	80	108	135
H frequency (kHz)	60.023	68.677	60.24	63.981	79.976
V frequency (Hz)	75.029	84.997	74.93	60.02	75.025
H total (uS)	16.66	14.561	16.600	15.63	12.501
(dots)	1312	1376	1328	1688	1688
H display period (uS)	13	10.836	12.8	11.852	9.481
(dots)	1024	1024	1024	1280	1280
H front porch (uS)	0.203	0.508	0.4	0.444	0.119
(dots)	16	48	32	48	2
H sync pulse width (uS)	1.219	1.016	1.2	1.037	1.067
(dots)	96	96	96	112	144
H back porch (uS)	2.235	2.201	2.2	2.296	1.837
(dots)	176	208	176	248	248
V total (mS)	13.328	11.765	13.347	16.661	13.329
(line)	800	808	804	1066	1066
V display period (mS)	12.795	11.183	12.749	16.005	12.804
(line)	768	768	768	1024	1024
V front porch (mS)	0.017	0.015	0.050	0.016	0.013
(line)	1	1	3	1	1
V sync pulse width (mS)	0.05	0.044	0.050	0.047	0.038
(line)	3	3	3	3	3
V back porch (mS)	0.466	0.524	0.498	0.594	0.475
(line)	28	36	30	38	38
H sync polarity	Pos.	Pos.	_	Pos.	Pos.
V sync polarity	Pos.	Pos.	_	Pos.	Pos.
Scan type	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced

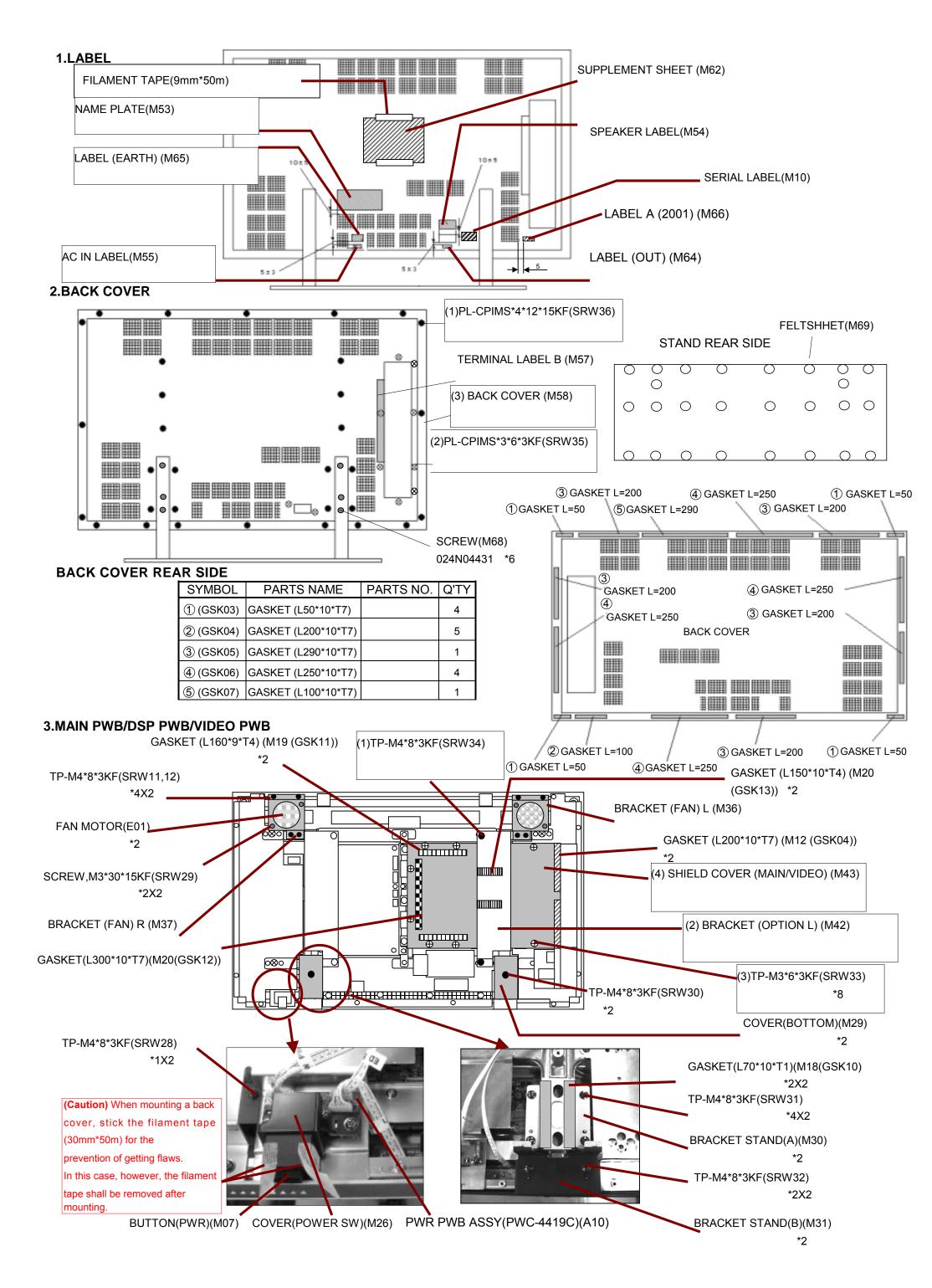
PC mode	31	32	33	34	35
Signal name	IDC-3000G PAL 625P	IDC-3000G NTSC 525P	HDTV-J	DTV (480P)	DTV (720P)
Definition	768*576	640*480	1920*1034	644*483	1280*720
Dot clock frequency (MHz)	29.687	24.39	74.25	24.37	74.25
H frequency (kHz)	31.389	31.47	33.75	31.469	45.000
V frequency (Hz)	50	59.9	60/60	59.94	60
H total (uS)	31.933	31.775	29.63	31.777	22.222
(dots)	948	775	2200	774	1650
H display period (uS)	25.87	26.24	25.86	26.427	17.239
(dots)	768	640	1920	644	1280
H front porch (uS)	0.269	0.41	0.59	0.75	0.943
(dots)	8	10	44	18	70
H sync pulse width (uS)	2.526	2.46	0.59	2.35	1.077
(dots)	75	60	44	57	80
H back porch (uS)	3.267	2.665	2.59	2.25	2.963
(dots)	97	65	192	55	220
V total (mS)	19.911	16.522	16.652	16.683	16.667
(line)	625	525	562/562	525	750
V display period (mS)	18.35	15.106	15.319	15.348	
(line)	576	480	517/517	483	720
V front porch (mS)	0.223	0.252	0.148	0.191	0.111
(line)	7	8	5	6	5
V sync pulse width (mS)	0.223	0.22	0.148	0.191	0.111
(line)	7	7	5	6	5
V back porch (mS)	1.115	0.944	1.037	0.953	0.444
(line)	35	30	35	30	20
H sync polarity	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
V sync polarity	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg	Neg
Scan type	Non Interlaced	Non linterlaced	Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Non Interlaced

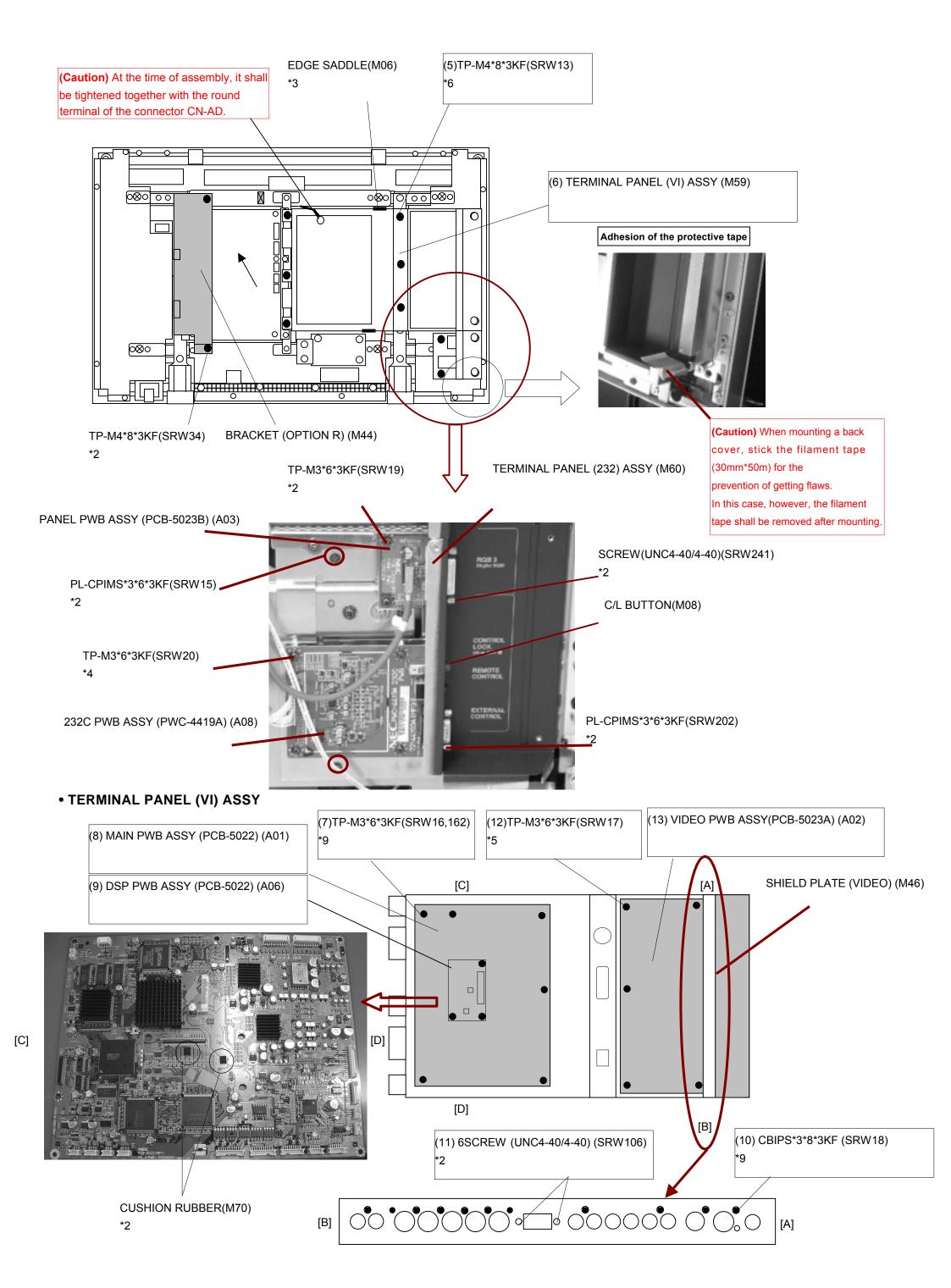
PC mode	36	37	38	39
Signal name	HDTV-W	SSPE	JSPE	MAC@12"
Definition	1920*1080	1024*512	852*480	1152*870
Dot clock frequency (MHz)	74.25	40	16	100
H frequency (kHz)	33.75	33.727	15.75	68.681
V frequency (Hz)	60/60	60.012	59.94	75.062
H total (uS)	29.630	29.650	63.750	14.560
(dots)	2200	1186	1020	1456
H display period (uS)	25.859	25.600	53.250	11.520
(dots)	1920	1024	852	1152
H front porch (uS)	0.593	0.600	1.250	0.320
(dots)	44	24	20	32
H sync pulse width (uS)	1.185	1.200	4.750	1.280
(dots)	88	48	76	128
H back porch (uS)	1.993	2.250	4.500	1.440
(dots)	148	90	72	144
V total (mS)	16.652/16.682	16.663	16.683	13.322
(line)	562/563	562	262.5/262.5	915
V display period (mS)	16.000/16.000	15.15	15.236/15.236	12.667
(line)	540/540	511	239/239	870
V front porch (mS)	0.059/0.074	0.178	0.064/0.096	0.044
(line)	2/2.5	6	1/1.5	3
V sync pulse width (mS)	0.148/0.148	0.148	0.191/0.191	0.044
(line)	5/5	5	3/3	3
V back porch (mS)	0.444/0.459	1.186	1.211/1.243	0.568
(line)	15/15.5	40	19/19.5	39
H sync polarity	Neg	Neg	Neg	Sync on G
V sync polarity	Neg	Neg	Neg	Sync on G
Scan type	Interlaced	Non Interlaced	Interlaced	Non Interlaced

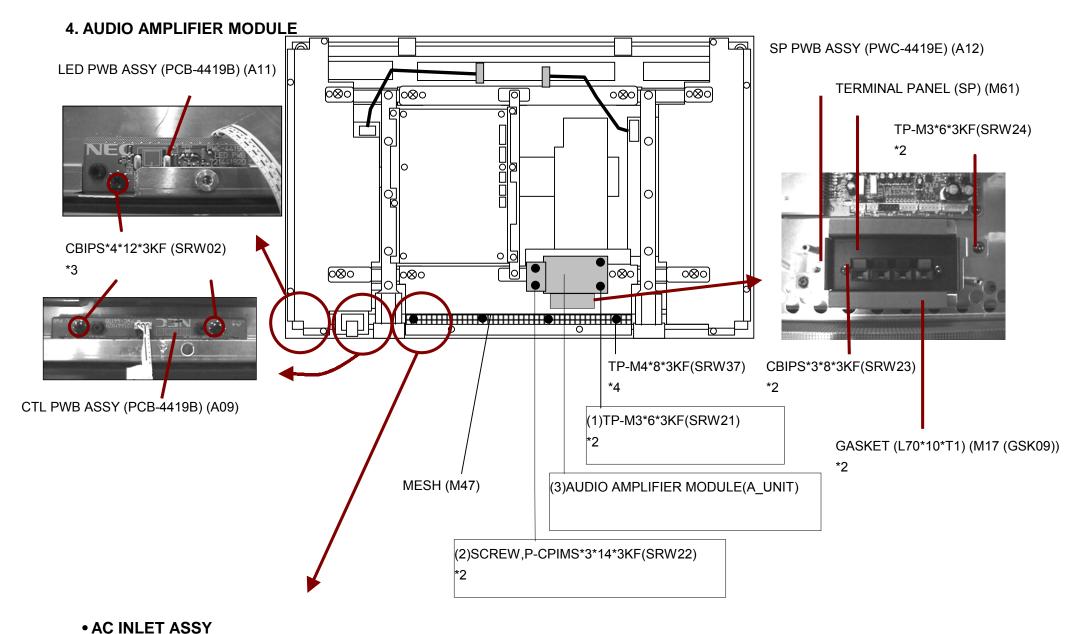
### METHOD OF DISASSEMBLY

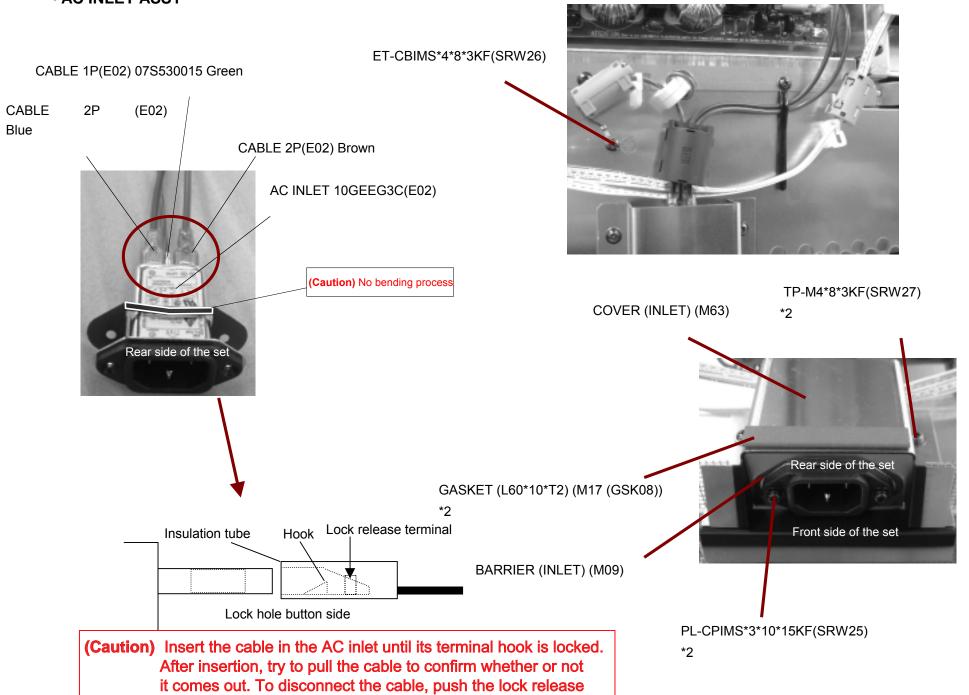
#### (Cautions)

- 1. Before disassembly, turn power off the main unit and pull out the power plug from the wall outlet.
- 2. Use a screwdriver with a fitting size. Otherwise, the screw threads may be damaged.
- 3. Reassembly can be carried out in the reverse order for disassembly. Refer to the disassembly procedures and forward reassembly in the reverse order.
- 4. The order for taking out the parts (or components) is indicated by the foregoing numeral that is attached to the name of each part (or component).
- 5. The wire connector symbol is indicated by two digits of Marking \_\_ \_ . Read CN- \_ \_ when examining the table of parts.





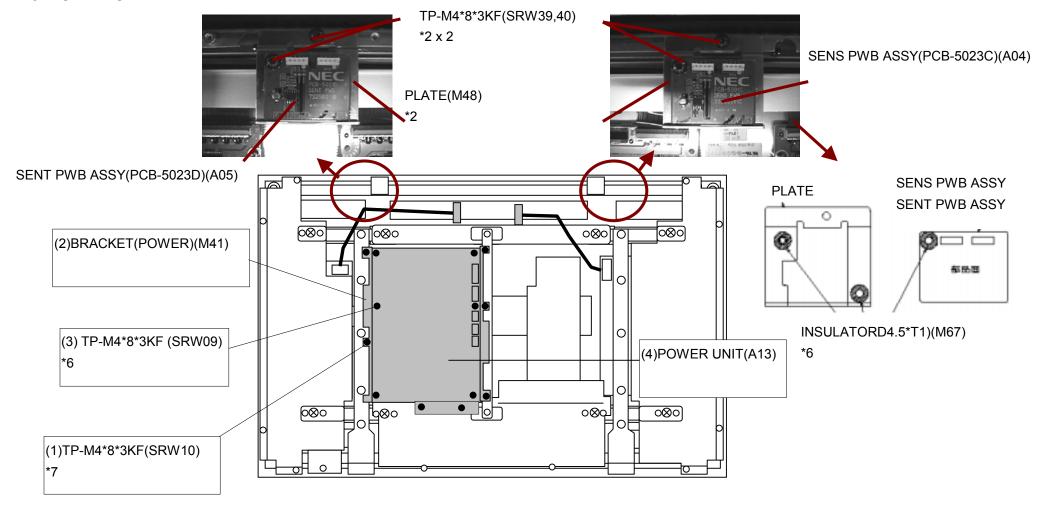


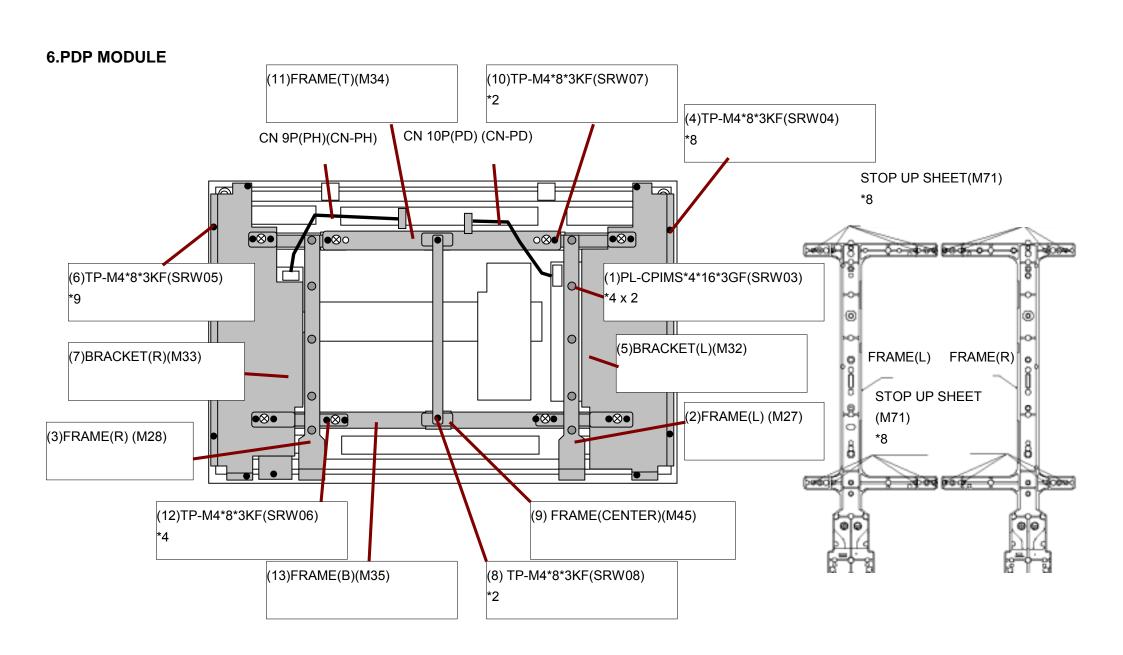


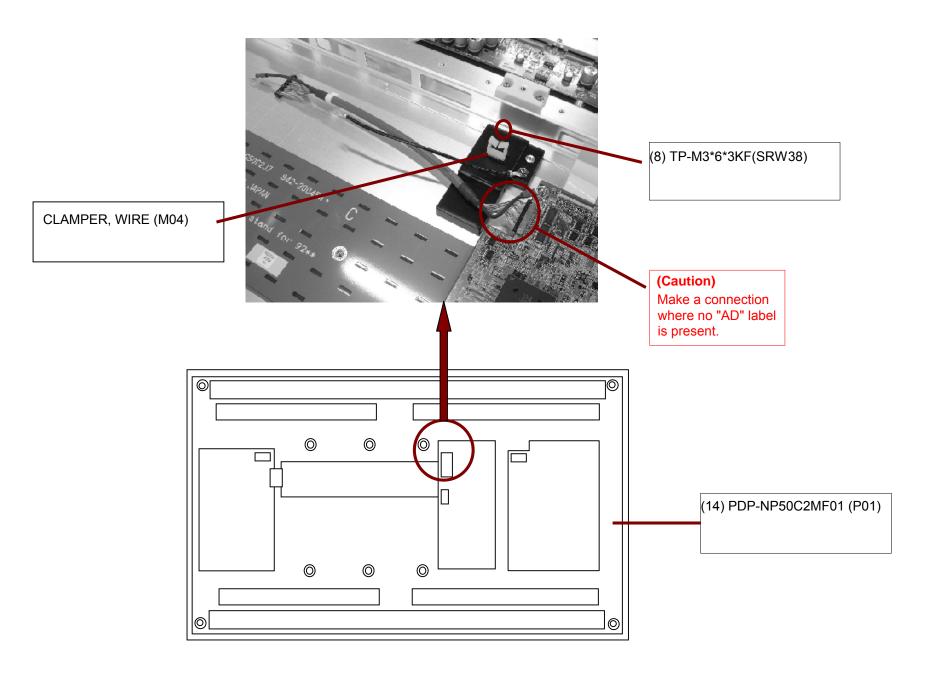
Side view

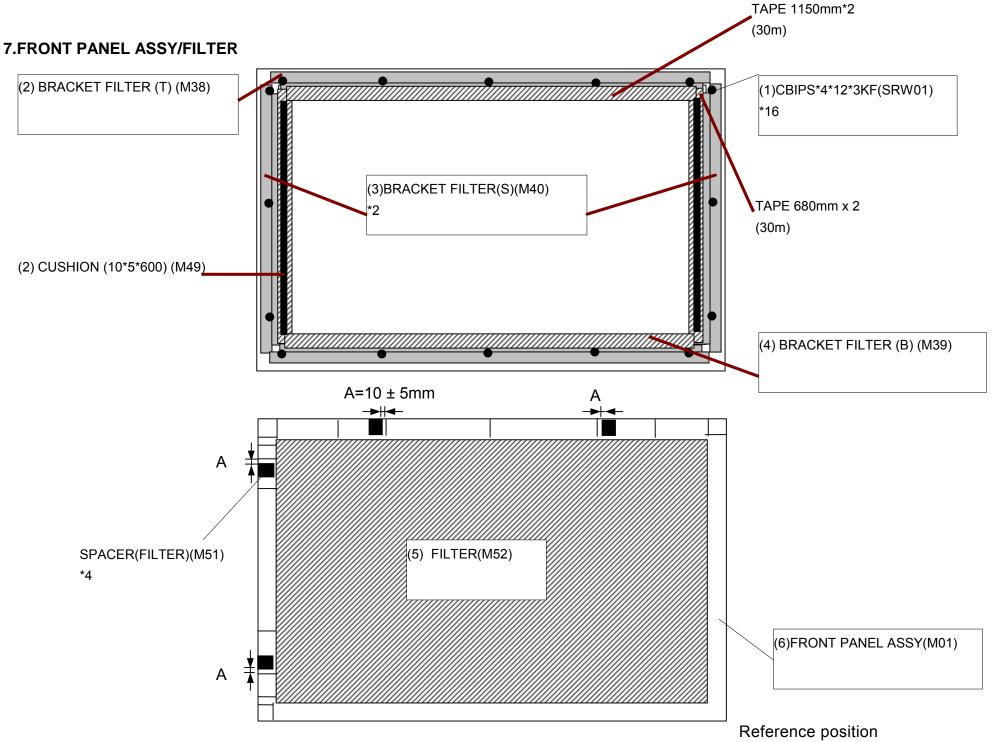
terminal by a finger in the direction of the arrow, and pull out the cable in the lengthwise direction. (No unlocking unless the position of hook's tip is lower than the lock hole bottom side.)

#### **5. POWER UNIT**

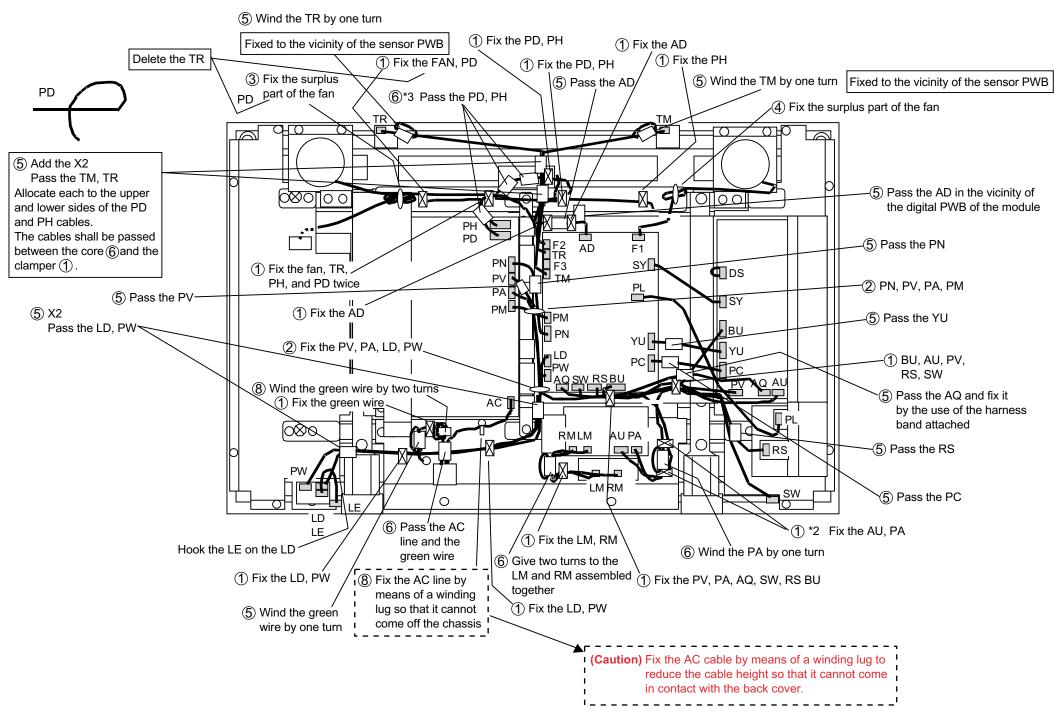








#### **WIRING DIAGEAM**

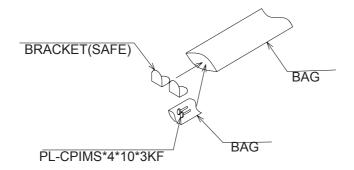


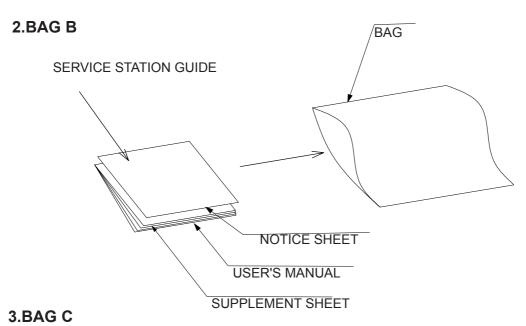
SYMI	BOL	PARTS NAME	PART No.	Q'ty
— c	N-AD	CABLE 41P L250		1
— c	N-AQ	CN 4P(AQ) 400W,2791-28		1
— c	N-AU	CN 7P(AU) 500W,2791-28		1
— c	N-BU	CN 14P(BU) 325W,2468-26		1
_ c	N-DS	CN 3P(DS) 50S, 1007-26		1
_ c	N-LD	CN 5P(LD) 625W,2468-26		1
— c	N-LE	CN 5P(LE) 125,2468-26		1
— c	N-LM	CN 3P(LM) 400,2468-26		1
— C	N-PA	CN 6P(PA) 700,2468-26		1
— c	N-PC	CN 13P(PC) 125W,MIX		1
— c	N-PD	CN 10P(PD) 900W, 1007-20		1
— c	N-PH	CN 9P(PH) 500W, 1007-20		1
— c	N-PL	CABLE, TWINAX 21P L450		1
_ c	N-PM	CN 11P(PM) 100W,2468-26		1
— C	N-PN	CN 10P(PN) 150W,2468-26		1
— c	N-PV	CN 8P(PV) 600W,2468-26		1
— c	N-PW	CN 6P(PW) 650W,2468-26		1
— c	N-RM	CN 2P(RM) 375,2468-26		1
— c	N-RS	CN 9P(RS) 475W,2468-26		1
— c	N-SW	CN 3P(SW) 625W,2468-26		1
— c	N-SY	CN 5P(SY) 175W,1691-28		1
_ c	N-TM	CN 4P(TM) 525W,2468-26		1
— c	N-TR	CN 4P(TR) 525W,2468-26		1
— c	N-YU	CN 12P(YU) 125W,MIX		1

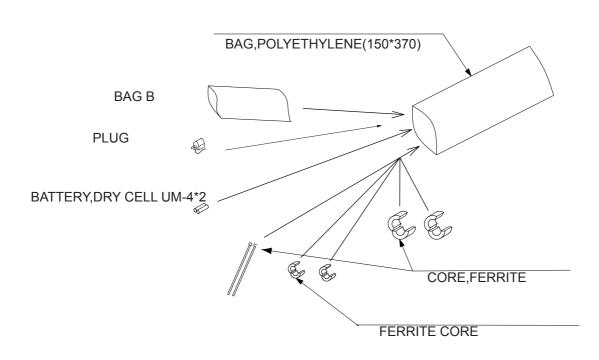
SYN	/BOL	PARTS NAME	PART No.	Q'ty
1	M02	CLAMPER,WIRE		15
2	M03	CLAMPER,WIRE (D11.5)		2
3	M05	CLAMPER,WIRE (D8.3)		1
4	M21	LEAD CLAMPER (D5.2)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL31	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(FG)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL12	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(AD)		2
<b>⑤</b>	FL35	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(TM)		1
(5)	FL36	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(TR)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL5	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(PN)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL6	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(RS)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL8	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(PC)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL37	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(LD/PW)		1
(5)	FL38	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(LD/PW)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL51	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(PV)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL52	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(AQ)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL53	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(YU)		1
<b>⑤</b>	FL54	FERRITE CORE ZCAT2032-930(TR'/TM')		2
6	FL30	FERRITE CORE SFT-72SB (AC FG)		1
6	FL11	FERRITE CORE SFT-72SB (PA)		1
6	FL33	FERRITE CORE SFT-72SB (LM,RM)		1
6	FL7	FERRITE CORE SFT-72SB (PD/PH)		3
7	FL32	FERRITE CORE (ESD-R-19) (FG)		1
8	M72	LUG (L72)		1

# **PACKAGING**

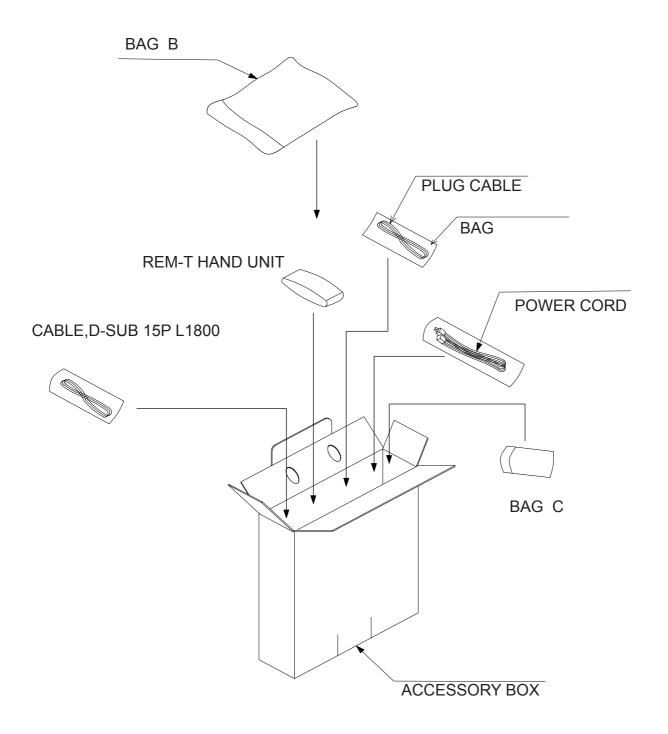
#### 1.BAG A



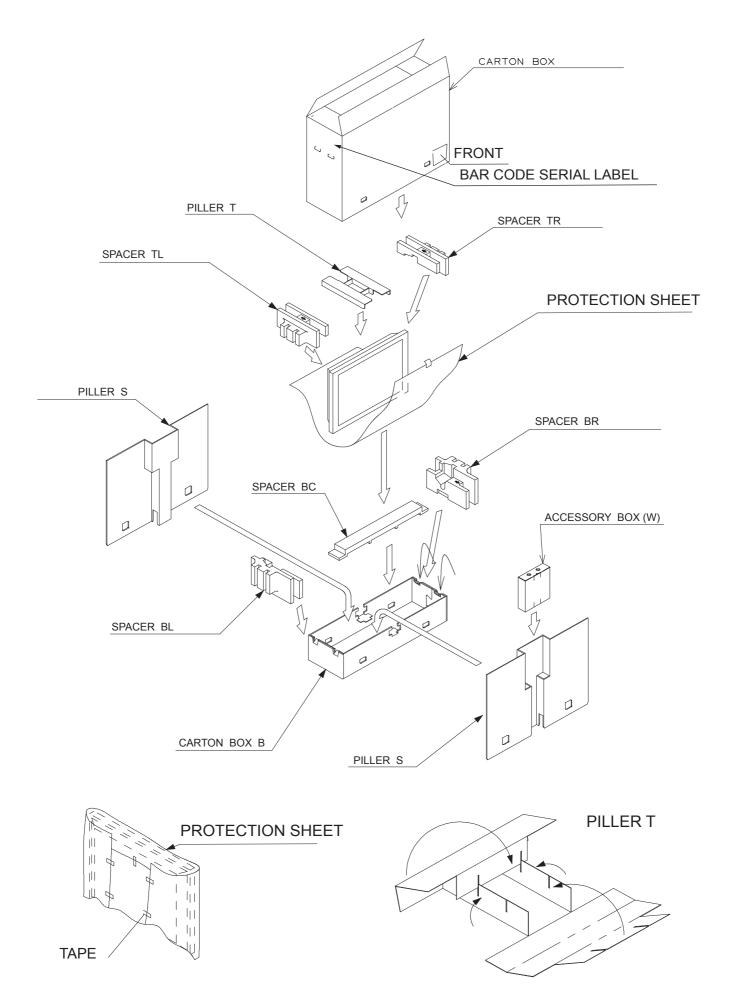


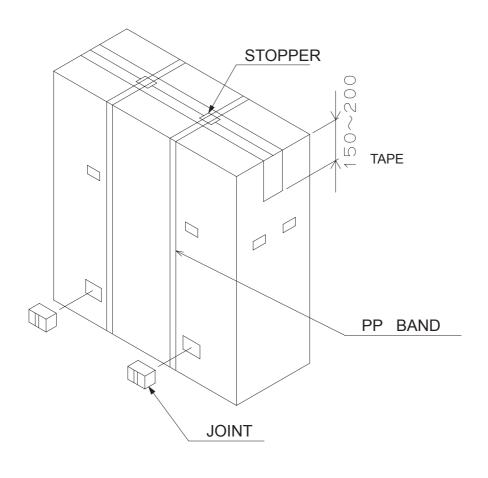


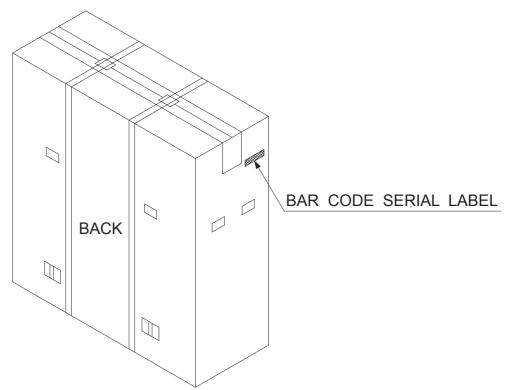
#### 4. ACCESSORY BOX



#### **5.CARTON BOX**







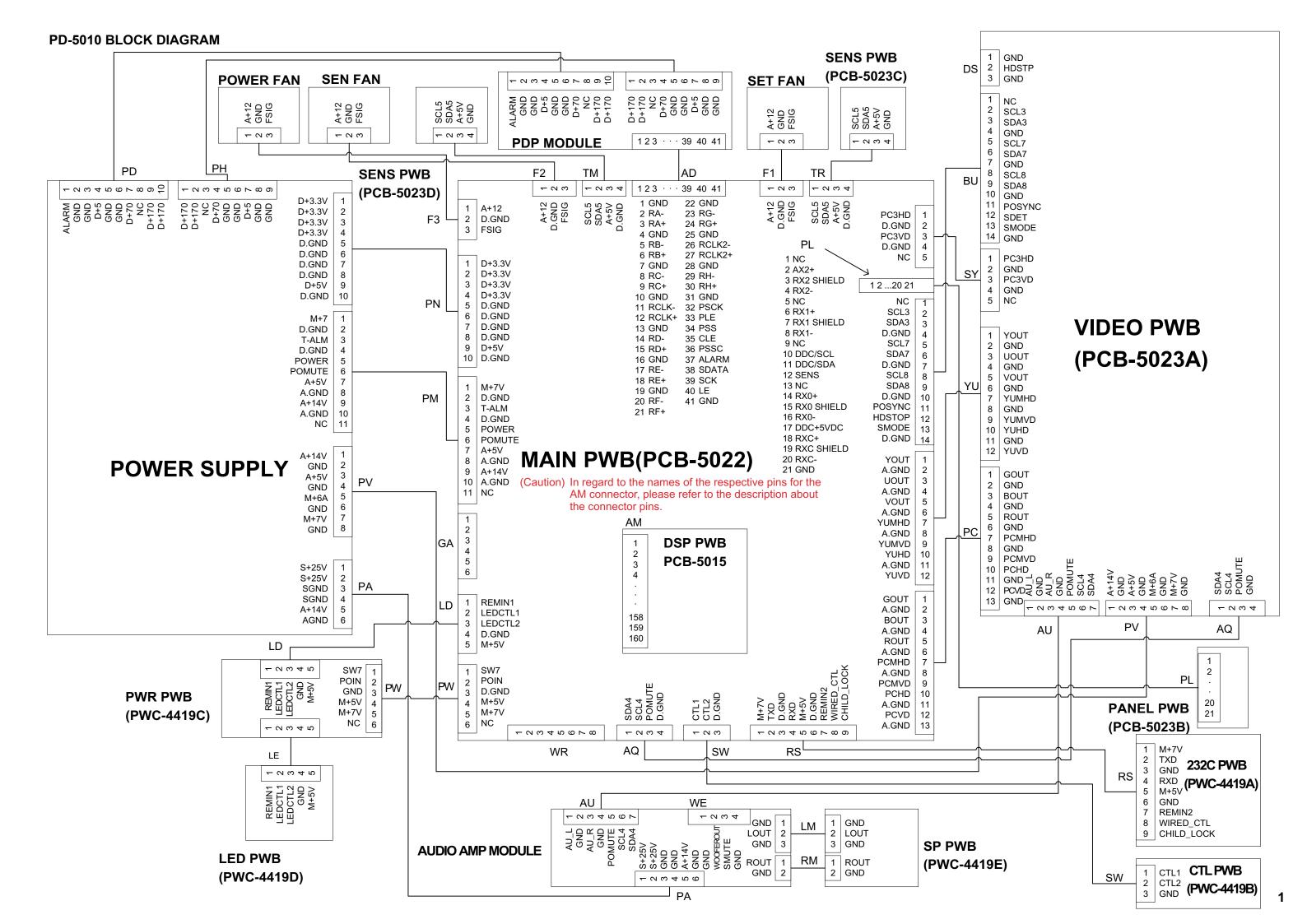
## **PARTS LIST**

#### Notes:

- 1. Parts orders must contain model name, parts number and parts name.
- 2. When you place an order for spare parts, please refer to the respective service manual and mention the right parts number on your P.O. sheets
- 3. The letters NSP in the table indicate non-service parts.
- 4. Please refer to METHOD OF DISASSEMBLY or PACKAGING of service manual about a parts layout.

	PD-5010 Parts List							
Part Number	Description							
03S130222	AUDIO AMPLIFIER MODULE							
07S530015	CABLE-1P L360							
07S530021	CABLE-2P L240							
07S530008	CABLE-41P L250							
07S580006	CABLE-D-SUB 15P L1800							
07S580010	CABLE-STEREO MINI L3M							
07S530002	CABLE-TWINAX 21P L450							
07S552004	CORD-POWER AC							
029P00812	COVER-BACK ASSY							
03S170001	FAN-MOTOR (109P1212L4D03)							
029H00024	FRAME (L)							
029H00034	FRAME (R)							
029K00351	FILTER-SCREEN SHIELD (M52)							
I/B PD5010	INSTRUCTION BOOK							
029DS0411	PANEL-FRONT ASSY (M01)							
029PS0821	PANEL-TERMINAL (232) ASSY							
029PS0621	PANEL-TERMINAL (VI) ASSY							
09S900017	PDP-NP50C2MF01							
0936P7D01	PWB-DSP ASSY (PCB-5015)							
0936P7M01	PWB-MAIN (PCB-5022)							
03S110061	PWB-POWER UNIT (A13)							
0936P7S91	PWB-SUB ADJ (PWC-4419A)							
0936P7V01	PWB-VIDEO (PCB-5023A)							
03S120141	REM0TE							

# **CONNECTION DIAGRAMS**



#### Connector pin descriptions

Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
MAIN-VIDEO	DS					
		1	GND	GND		
		2	HDSTP	Video mute control of chroma signal	Turned LO when the DS connector is available,	
					and video output is generated. Turned HI when no DS connector is available,	
					and video output is muted.	
		3	GND	GND		
MAIN-VIDEO	BU					
		1	NC			
		2	SCL3	CLK of the I2C bus	Control signal of IC5001, 5305, and 5306	$MAIN \rightarrow VIDEO$
		3	SDA3	DATA of the I2C bus	Control signal of IC5001, 5305, and 5306	$MAIN \rightarrow VIDEO$
		4	GND	GND	0 1 1 1 1 105504 15505	MAIN VIDEO
		5	SCL7 SDA7	CLK of the I2C bus	Control signal of IC5501 and 5505	MAIN → VIDEO
		6 7	GND	DATA of the I2C bus GND	Control signal of IC5501 and 5505	$ MAIN \to VIDEO $
		8	SCL8	CLK of the I2C bus	For extension I/O	MAIN → VIDEO
		9	SDA8	DATA of the I2C bus	For extension I/O	VIDEO → MAIN
		10	GND			
		11	POSYNC	Power control for power management	Power ON with HI	$VIDEO \rightarrow MAIN$
		12	SDET	Insertion detect signal for the S terminal	Presence of S terminal identified with HI	$VIDEO \to MAIN$
		13	MODE	Mode control signal of S1/S2 terminal	Usually LO. S1: 5V, S2:2.5V	$VIDEO \rightarrow MAIN$
		14	GND	GND		
MAIN-VIDEO	SY		DOOLID			
		1	PC3HD	Horizontal sync signal for PC signal (digital input)	Horizontal sync signal for PC signal of digital input	NAIN → VIDEO
		2	GND	GND	- 1.g	
		3	PC3VD	Vertical sync signal for PC signal	Vertical sync signal for PC signal of digital	$MAIN \rightarrow VIDEO$
				(digital input)	input	
		4	GND	GND		
		5	NC	No-connection terminal		
MAIN-VIDEO	YU		VOLIT	Observe Waissaul on VIDEO O sissaul	From the charge signal input signal is income distant.	VIDEO MAIN
		1	YOUT	Chroma Y signal or VIDEO G signal	For the chroma signal, input signal is immediately output. For the video signal, each decoded original	$VIDEO \rightarrow MAIN$
					color signal is output.	
		2	GND	GND	oolor signal is output.	
		3	UOUT	Chroma B-Y signal or VIDEO B signal	For the chroma signal, input signal is immediately	$VIDEO \rightarrow MAIN$
					output. For the video signal, each decoded original	
					color signal is output.	
		4	GND	GND		
		5	VOUT	Chroma R-Y signal or VIDEO R signal	For the chroma signal, input signal is immediately	$VIDEO \rightarrow MAIN$
					output. For the video signal, each decoded original color signal is output.	
		6	GND	GND	Color signal is output.	
					Harimantal arma signal insert to be entered?	VIDEO MANN
		7	YUMHD	Horizontal sync signal for microcomputer	Horizontal sync signal input to be entered in microcomputer when a chroma or video	$VIDEO \rightarrow MAIN$
					signal is used.	

Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
		8 9	GND YUMVD	GND Vertical sync signal for microcomputer	Vertical sync signal input to be entered in microcomputer when a chroma or video	$VIDEO \to MAIN$
		10	YUHD	Horizontal sync signal for A/D	signal is used. Horizontal sync signal input to be entered in A/D converter when a chroma or video signal is used.	$VIDEO \rightarrow MAIN$
		11 12	GND YUVD	GND Vertical sync signal for A/D	Vertical sync signal input to be entered in A/D converter when a chroma or video signal is used.	VIDEO → MAIN
MAIN-VIDEO	PC					
With VIDEO		1	GOUT	Signal G of PC	For the PC signal, an input signal is immediately output.	$VIDEO \rightarrow MAIN$
		3	GND BOUT	GND Signal B of PC	For the PC signal, an input signal is immediately output.	VIDEO → MAIN
		4 5	GND ROUT	GND Signal R of PC	For the PC signal, an input signal is immediately output.	VIDEO → MAIN
		6 7	GND PCMHD	GND Horizontal sync signal for microcomputer	Horizontal sync signal input to be entered in microcomputer of the PC signal.	VIDEO → MAIN
		8 9	GND PCMVD	GND Vertical sync signal for microcomputer	Vertical sync signal input to be entered in microcomputer of the PC signal.	VIDEO → MAIN
		10	PCHD	Horizontal sync signal for A/D	Horizontal sync signal input to be entered in the A/D of the PC signal.	$VIDEO \to MAIN$
		11 12	GND PCVD	GND Vertical sync signal for the A/D	Vertical sync signal input to be entered in the A/D of the PC signal	VIDEO → MAIN
		13	GND	GND	3	
VIDEO- POWER	PV					
		1	A+14V	14V power supply for analog circuit	For analog signal processing	POWER $\rightarrow$ VIDEO
		2 3 4	GND A+5V GND	GND 5V power supply for analog circuit GND	For analog signal processing	POWER → VIDEO
		5 6	A+6V GND	6V power supply for analog circuit GND	For analog signal processing	POWER → VIDEO
		7	M+7V	7V power supply for microcomputer	Sync detector circuit for restoration from power management	POWER → VIDEO
		8	GND			
MAIN-VIDEO	AQ	1 2 3 4	SDA4 SCL4 POMUTE GND	DATA of the I2C bus CLK of the I2C bus Mute signal for Power start GND	Audio control signal Audio control signal Usually 4.8V	$\begin{array}{c} MAIN \to VIDEO \\ MAIN \to VIDEO \\ MAIN \to VIDEO \end{array}$

Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
VIDEO-AUDIO	AU			•		
1.2207.02.0		1	AU_L	Signal L	L CH for audio signal	$VIDEO \rightarrow AUDIO$
		2	GND	GND		
		3	AU_R	Signal R	R CH for audio signal	$VIDEO \rightarrow AUDIO$
		4	GND	GND		
		5	POMUTE	Mute signal for Power start	Usually 4.8V	VIDEO → AUDIO
		6	SCL4	CLK of the I2C bus	Audio control signal	VIDEO → AUDIO
		7	SDA4	DATA of the I2C bus	Audio control signal	VIDEO → AUDIO
RS232C-MAIN	RS			_, , , , ,		
		1	M+7V	7V power supply; the same as for		MAIN → RS232C
			TVD	microcomputer		MAIN DOOD
		2 3	TXD GND	RS-232 driver output GND		MAIN → RS232C
		4	RXD	RS-232 receiver input		MAIN → RS232C
		5	M+5V	5V power supply; the same as for		$MAIN \rightarrow RS232C$ $MAIN \rightarrow RS232C$
			141104	microcomputer		7102020
		6	GND	GND		
		7	REMIN2	Data signal for the wired remote control		RS232C → MAIN
		8	WIRED_CTL	Insertion control of the wired remote control	Usually 5V. 0V when inserted.	RS232C → MAIN
		9	CHILD_LOCK	Child lock control	0V for SW OFF. 5V for SW ON.	RS232C → MAIN
MAIN-SENT	TM					
MAIN-SENS	TR	1	SCL5	CLK of the I2C bus	For temperature sensor	$MAIN \rightarrow SENS$
		2	SDA5	DATA of the I2C bus	For temperature sensor	$MAIN \rightarrow SENS$
		3	A+5V	5V power supply for ANALOG		$MAIN \rightarrow SENS$
		4	GND	GND		
MAIN-PDP						
MODULE	AD					
		1	GND	GND		
		2	RA-	VIDEO input A-		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		3	RA+	VIDEO input A+		$MAIN \to PDPMODULE$
		4	GND	GND		MAIN DDDMODULE
		5 6	RB- RB+	VIDEO input B- VIDEO input B+		MAIN → PDPMODULE MAIN → PDPMODULE
		7	GND	GND		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		8	RC-	VIDEO input C-		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		9	RC+	VIDEO input C+		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		10	GND	GND		I TO THE PARTY OF
		11	RCLK-	CKL- for VIDEO		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		12	RCLK+	CKL+ for VIDEO		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		13	GND	GND		
		14	RD-	VIDEO input D-		$MAIN \rightarrow PDPMODULE$
		15	RD+	VIDEO input D+		$MAIN \rightarrow PDPMODULE$
		16	GND	GND		
		17	RE-	VIDEO input E-		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		18	RE+	VIDEO input E+		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		19	GND	GND		

Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
		20 21	RF- RF+	VIDEO input F- VIDEO input F+		MAIN → PDPMODULE MAIN → PDPMODULE
		22	GND	VIDEO IIIput F+		WAIN → FDFWODOLE
		23	RG-	VIDEO input G-		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		24	RG+	VIDEO input G+		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		25	GND	GND		
		26	RCLK2-	CKL2- for VIDEO		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		27	RCLK2+	CKL2+ for VIDEO		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		28	GND	GND		
		29	RH-	VIDEO input H-		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		30	RH+	VIDEO input H+		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		31 32	GND PSCK	GND		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		33	PLE	CLK for power save data I/O PSS read enable		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		34	PSS	Average signal level data output for power save		PDPMODULE → MAIN
		35	CLE	PSS latch enable		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		36	PSSC	Control data input for power save		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		37	ALARM	Panel break alarm signal		PDPMODULE → MAIN
		38	SDATA	Serial data for various data setting		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		39	SCK	Serial CLK		$MAIN \rightarrow PDPMODULE$
		40	LE	Serial data latch enable		MAIN → PDPMODULE
		41	GND	GND		
MAIN-SENT FAN	F1					
	F2	1	A+12V	12V power supply for ANALOG signal		$MAIN \to FAN$
	F3	2	GND	GND		EAN! MAAIN!
		3	FSIG	FAN alarm signal		FAN → MAIN
MAIN-POWER						
SUPPLY	PM					DOWED 14411
		1	M+7V	7V power supply for microcomputer		POWER → MAIN
		2 3	D.GND T-ALM	GND Alarm signal	Usually H	POWER → MAIN
		4	D.GND	Alaim Signal	Osually 11	FOWER - WAIN
		5	POWER	Power supply control	Usually H	POWER → MAIN
		6	POMUTE	Mute signal for power supply starting	Usually H	POWER → MAIN
		7	A+5V	5V power supply for ANALOG signal	,	$POWER \rightarrow MAIN$
		8	A.GND	GND		$POWER \to MAIN$
		9	A+14V	14V power supply for ANALOG signal		$POWER \to MAIN$
		10	A.GND	GND		POWER → MAIN
		11	NC			
MAIN-POWER						
SUPPLY	PN		<b>5</b> 00'	DOWN BIOLEN		BOWED
		1	D+3.3V	3.3V for DIGITAL		POWER → MAIN
		2	D+3.3V	3.3V for DIGITAL		POWER → MAIN
		3	D+3.3V D+3.3V	3.3V for DIGITAL 3.3V for DIGITAL		POWER → MAIN POWER → MAIN
		5	D+3.3V D.GND	GND		I OWEN → IVIAIN
			D.011D	0110		

Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
		6 7 8 9 10	D.GND D.GND D.GND D+5V D.GND	GND GND GND 5V for DIGITAL GND		$POWER \to MAIN$
MAIN-LED	LD					
	LE	1 2 3 4 5	REMIN1 LEDCTL1 LEDCTL2 GND M+5V	Infrared ray remote control data Standby LED control Standby LED control GND 5V power supply for microcomputer		$\begin{array}{c} LED \to MAIN \\ MAIN \to LED \\ MAIN \to LED \\ \\ MAIN \to LED \end{array}$
MAIN-PWR	PW					
W WY T VIX		1 2 3 4 5 6	SW7 POIN GND M+5V M+7V NC	Power supply starting control Power supply starting detection GND 5V power supply for microcomputer 7V power supply for microcomputer No-connection terminal	Usually 6.8V Usually 5V	$\begin{array}{c} MAIN \to PW \\ PW \to MAIN \\ \\ MAIN \to PW \\ MAIN \to PW \\ \\ MAIN \to PW \end{array}$
MAIN-SW	SW					
		1 2 3	CTL1 CTL2 GND	Key input detection Key input detection GND		$\begin{array}{c} SW \to MAIN \\ SW \to MAIN \end{array}$
AUDIO-POWER SUPPLY	PA					
		1 2 3 4 5 6	S+25V S+25V GND GND A+14V GND	+25V power supply for audio circuit +26V power supply for audio circuit GND GND 14V power ANALOG circuit GND		$\begin{array}{c} POWER \to AUDIO \\ POWER \to AUDIO \\ \\ POWER \to AUDIO \end{array}$
POWER SUPPLY- PDP MODULE	PD					
		1 2 3 4 5 6	ALARM GND GND D+5V GND GND	Module alarm signal GND GND 5V power supply for DIGITAL circuit GND GND		$MODULE \to POWER$ $POWER \to MODULE$
		7 8 9	D+70 NC D+170	70V power supply for DIGITAL circuit No-connection terminal 170V power supply for DIGITAL circuit		$\begin{array}{c} POWER \to MODULE \\ \\ POWER \to MODULE \end{array}$
		10	D+170	170V power supply for DIGITAL circuit		POWER → MODULE
POWER SUPPLY- PDP MODULE	PH	1	D+170	170V power supply for DIGITAL circuit		POWER → MODULE

Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
		2 3	D+170 NC	170V power supply for DIGITAL circuit No-connection terminal		POWER → MODULE
		4	D+70	70V power supply for DIGITAL circuit		POWER → MODULE
		5	GND	GND		TOWER TWODOLE
		6	GND	GND		
		7	D+5	5V power supply for DIGITAL circuit		POWER → MODULE
		8	GND	GND		
		9	GND	GND		
MIAN-PL	PL					
(Note : MAIN PWB		1	NC	No-connection terminal		
No. is applied to		2	RX2+	Serial signal R (+ side)		$PL \rightarrow MAIN$
the PIN No.)		3	GND	GND		
		4	RX2-	Serial signal R (- side)		$PL \rightarrow MAIN$
		5	NC BY	No-connection terminal		DI MANINI
		6	RX1+	Serial signal G (+ side)		$PL \rightarrow MAIN$
		7 8	GND RX1-	GND Serial signal G (- side)		PL → MAIN
		9	NC	No-connection terminal		FL → IVIAIIN
		10	DDC/SCL	CLK of the I2C bus for DDC writing		PL → MAIN
		11	DDC/SDA	DATA of the I2C bus for DDC writing		PL → MAIN
		12	SENS	Power supply detection		MAIN → PL
		13	NC	No-connection terminal		
		14	RX0+	Serial signal B (+ side)		$PL \rightarrow MAIN$
		15	GND	GND		
		16	RX0-	Serial signal B (- side)		$PL \rightarrow MAIN$
		17	DDC5V	5V power supply for DDC		$MAIN \rightarrow PL$
		18	RXC+	CLK serial signal (+ side)		$PL \rightarrow MAIN$
		19	GND	GND		DI
		20	RXC-	CLK serial signal (- side)		$PL \rightarrow MAIN$
		21	GND	GND		
AUDIO-SPEAKER	LM					
		1	GND	GND		ALIDIO ODEAL/ED
		2	LOUT	Left-side speaker output		AUDIO → SPEAKER
		3	GND			
AUDIO-SPEAKER	RM					
		1	ROUT	Right-side speaker output		AUDIO → SPEAKER
		2	GND	GND		
MAIN-DSP	AM					
		1	NC			
		2	AMDP_CK2	Not used		
		3	VDD3	3.3V power supply for DIGITAL	3.3V for normal operation	MAIN → DSP
		4	VDD3	3.3V power supply for DIGITAL	3.3V for normal operation	MAIN → DSP
		5 6	VDD3 VDD3	3.3V power supply for DIGITAL	3.3V for normal operation	$\begin{array}{c} MAIN \to DSP \\ MAIN \to DSP \end{array}$
		7	VDD3	3.3V power supply for DIGITAL 3.3V power supply for DIGITAL	3.3V for normal operation 3.3V for normal operation	$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$ $MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		8	GND2	GND		IVIAIIN -> DOF
			31102	0110		

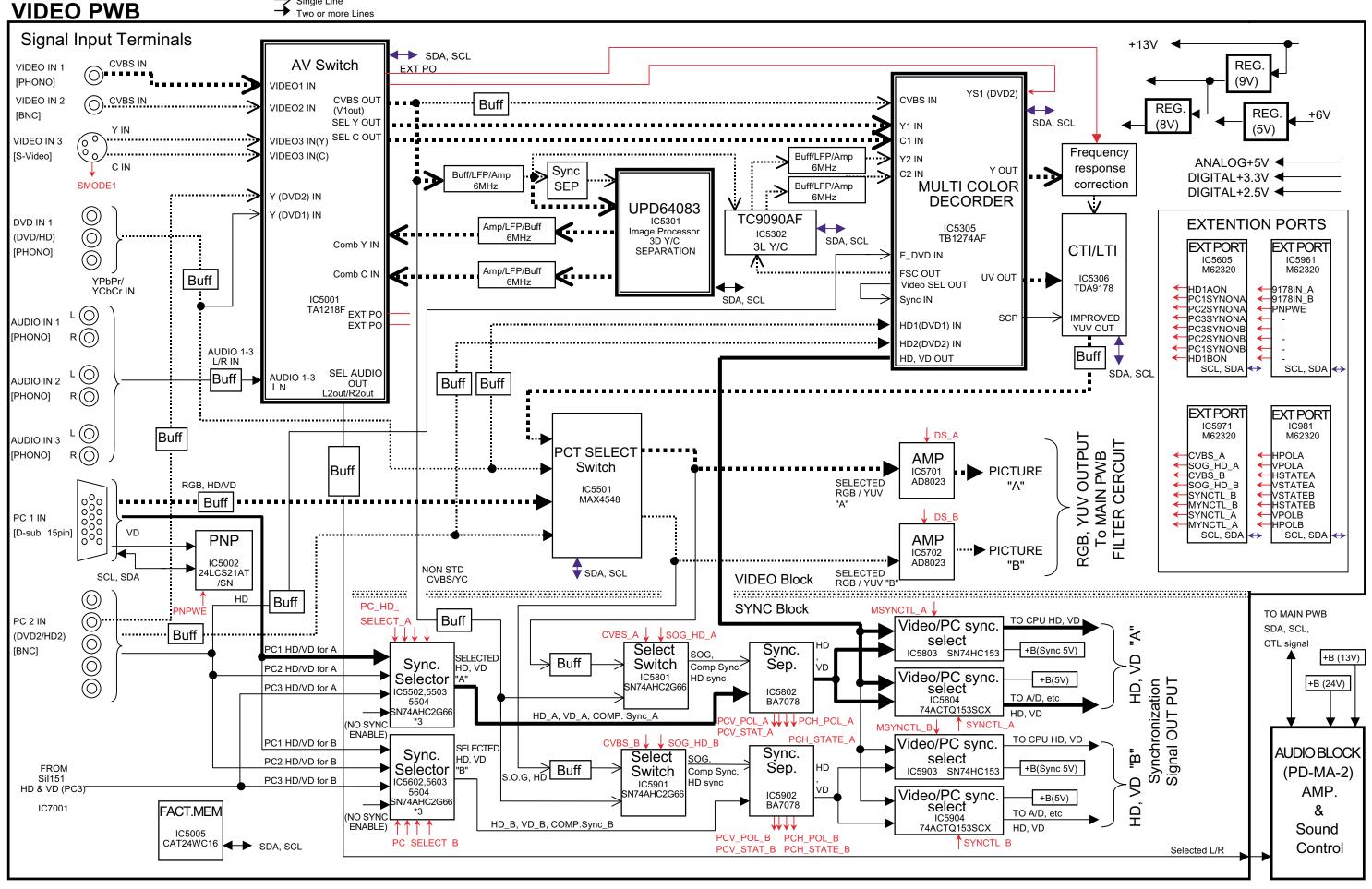
Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
		9	GND2	GND		
		10	GND2	GND		
		11	GND2	GND		
		12	GND2	GND		
		13	ENAMDP	Not used		
		14	SCL1	Clock line for the I2C bus	For DSP	$MAIN \to DSP$
		15	SDA1	Data line for the I2C bus	For DSP	$MAIN \to DSP$
		16	SDA_AMDP	Data line for the I2C bus	For DSP	$DSP \to MAIN$
		17	XRST	Reset signal for the DSP circuit	5V for normal operation	$MAIN \to DSP$
		18	GND2	GND		
		19	SYSCLK	System lock signal for the DSP circuit	10MHz	$MAIN \to DSP$
		20	GND2	GND		
		21	VIO_BODD7	Digital video signal (B)	MSB	$DSP \to MAIN$
		22	VIO_BODD6	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		23	VIO_BODD5	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		24	VIO_BODD4	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		25	GND2	GND		
		26	VIO_BODD3	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		27	VIO_BODD2	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		28	VIO_BODD1	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		29	VIO_BODD0	Digital video signal (B)	LSB	$DSP \to MAIN$
		30	GND2	GND		
		31	VPUT_BEV7	Digital video signal (B)	MSB	$DSP \to MAIN$
		32	VPUT_BEV6	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		33	VPUT_BEV5	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		34	VPUT_BEV4	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		35	GND2	GND		
		36	VPUT_BEV3	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		37	VPUT_BEV2	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		38	VPUT_BEV1	Digital video signal (B)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		39	VPUT_BEV0	Digital video signal (B)	LSB	$DSP \to MAIN$
		40	GND2	GŇD		
		41	VIO_GODD7	Digital video signal (G)	MSB	$DSP \to MAIN$
		42	VIO_GODD6	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		43	VIO_GODD5	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		44	VIO_GODD4	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		45	GND2	GND		
		46	VIO_GODD3	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		47	VIO_GODD2	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		48	VIO_GODD1	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		49	VIO_GODD0	Digital video signal (G)	LSB	$DSP \to MAIN$
		50	GND2	GŇD		
		51	VOUT_GEV7	Digital video signal (G)	MSB	$DSP \to MAIN$
		52	VOUT_GEV6			$DSP \to MAIN$
		53	VOUT_GEV5	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		54	VOUT_GEV4	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
		55	GND2	GND		
		56	VOUT_GEV3	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$

Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
	I	57	VOUT_GEV2	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
	I	58	VOUT_GEV1	Digital video signal (G)		$DSP \to MAIN$
	I	59	VOUT_GEV0	Digital video signal (G)	LSB	$DSP \to MAIN$
	ı	60	GND2	GND		
	I	61	VIO_RODD7	Digital video signal (R)	MSB	$DSP \to MAIN$
	ı	62	VIO_RODD6	Digital video signal (R)		DSP → MAIN
	ı	63	VIO_RODD5	Digital video signal (R)		DSP → MAIN
	I	64	VIO_RODD4	Digital video signal (R)		$DSP \to MAIN$
	I	65	GND2	GND		DOD MAIN
	ı	66	VIO_RODD3	Digital video signal (R)		DSP → MAIN
	I	67	VIO_RODD2	Digital video signal (R)		DSP → MAIN
	ı	68	VIO_RODD1	Digital video signal (R)	LSB	DSP → MAIN
	I	69	VIO_RODD0 GND2	Digital video signal (R)	LOD	$DSP \to MAIN$
	İ	70 71	VOUT_REV7	GND Digital video signal (R)	MSB	DSP → MAIN
	I	71 72	VOUT_REV6	Digital video signal (R) Digital video signal (R)	IVIOD	DSP → MAIN
	ı	73	VOUT_REV5	Digital video signal (R)		DSP → MAIN
	I	74	VOUT_REV4	Digital video signal (R)		DSP → MAIN
	I	75	GND	GND		DOI - WIAIN
	I	76	VOUT_REV3	Digital video signal (R)		$DSP \to MAIN$
	I	77	VOUT_REV2	Digital video signal (R)		DSP → MAIN
	ı	78	VOUT_REV1	Digital video signal (R)		DSP → MAIN
	I	79	VOUT_REV0	Digital video signal (R)	LSB	DSP → MAIN
	I	80	GND	GND		
	I	81	AMDP_H2	Not used		
	ı	82	AMDP_V2	Not used		
	I	83	VDD3	3.3V power supply for DIGITAL	3.3V for normal operation	$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
	I	84	VDD3	3.3V power supply for DIGITAL	3.3V for normal operation	$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
	I	85	VDD3	3.3V power supply for DIGITAL	3.3V for normal operation	$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
	ı	86	VDD3	3.3V power supply for DIGITAL	3.3V for normal operation	$MAIN \to DSP$
	İ	87	VDD3	3.3V power supply for DIGITAL	3.3V for normal operation	$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
	İ	88	GND2	GND		
	I	89	GND2	GND		
	İ	90	GND2	GND		
	I	91	GND2	GND		
	İ	92	GND2	GND		
	I	93	GND2	GND		
	İ	94	GND2	GND		MAIN DOD
	I	95 96	AMDP_VO AMDP_HO	Vertical sync signal for DSP circuit		MAIN → DSP
	I	96	GND2	Horizontal sync signal for DSP circuit GND		$MAIN \to DSP$
	I	98	AMDP_CKO	Clock signal for DSP circuit		$MAIN \to DSP$
	İ	99	GND2	GND		INITIN -> DOL
	İ	100	GND2 GND2	GND		
	I	101	VIN BODD7	Digital video signal (B/Pb)	MSB	$MAIN \to DSP$
	I	101	VIN_BODD7	Digital video signal (B/Pb)	, mos	MAIN → DSP
	I	103	VIN_BODD5	Digital video signal (B/Pb)		MAIN → DSP
	I	104	VIN_BODD4	Digital video signal (B/Pb)		MAIN → DSP

Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
		105	GND2	GND		
		106	VIN_BODD3	Digital video signal (B/Pb)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		107	VIN_BODD2	Digital video signal (B/Pb)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		108	VIN_BODD1	Digital video signal (B/Pb)		MAIN → DSP
		109	VIN_BODD0	Digital video signal (B/Pb)	LSB	$MAIN \to DSP$
		110	GND2	GND	MOD	MAIN BOD
		111	VIN_BEV7	Digital video signal (B/Pb)	MSB	MAIN → DSP
		112	VIN_BEV6 VIN_BEV5	Digital video signal (B/Pb)		MAIN → DSP
		113 114	VIN_BEV5	Digital video signal (B/Pb) Digital video signal (B/Pb)		$\begin{array}{c} MAIN \to DSP \\ MAIN \to DSP \end{array}$
		114	GND2	Digital video signal (B/Pb)   GND		WAIN → DSF
		116	VIN_BEV3	Digital video signal (B/Pb)		MAIN → DSP
		117	VIN_BEV2	Digital video signal (B/Pb)		MAIN → DSP
		118	VIN BEV1	Digital video signal (B/Pb)		MAIN → DSP
		119	VIN_BEV0	Digital video signal (B/Pb)	LSB	MAIN → DSP
		120	GND2	GND		
		121	VIN_GODD7	Digital video signal (G/Y)	MSB	$MAIN \to DSP$
		122	VIN_GODD6	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		123	VIN_GODD5	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \to DSP$
		124	VIN_GODD4	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		125	GND2	GND		
		126	VIO_GODD3	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		127	VIN_GODD2	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		128	VIN_GODD1	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		129	VIN_GODD0	Digital video signal (G/Y)	LSB	$MAIN \to DSP$
		130	GND2	GND		
		131	VIN_GEV7	Digital video signal (G/Y)	MSB	$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		132	VIN_GEV6	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \to DSP$
		133	VIN_GEV5	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		134	VIN_GEV4	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		135	GND2	GND		
		136	VIN_GEV3	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \to DSP$
		137	VIN_GEV2	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \to DSP$
		138	VIN_GEV1	Digital video signal (G/Y)		$MAIN \to DSP$
		139	VIN_GEV0	Digital video signal (G/Y)	LSB	$MAIN \to DSP$
		140	GND2	GND		
		141	VIN_RODD7	Digital video signal (R/Pr)	MSB	$MAIN \to DSP$
		142	VIN_RODD6	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		MAIN → DSP
		143	VIN_RODD5	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		MAIN → DSP
		143	VIN_RODD3	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		145	GND	GND		
		145	VIN_RODD3	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		MAIN → DSP
		140	VIN_RODD3	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		MAIN → DSP
			VIN_RODD2	Digital video signal (R/Pr)   Digital video signal (R/Pr)		
		148		, ,	LCD	MAIN → DSP
		149	VIN_RODD0	Digital video signal (R/Pr)	LSB	$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		150	GND2	GND		

Between PWBs	Connector name	Pin No.	Signal name	Acronym	Complementary description	Signal direction
		151	VIN_REV7	Digital video signal (R/Pr)	MSB	$MAIN \to DSP$
		152	VIN_REV6	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		153	VIN_REV5	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		154	VIN_REV4	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		155	GND	GND		
		156	VIN_REV3	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		$MAIN \rightarrow DSP$
		157	VIN_REV2	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		$MAIN \to DSP$
		158	VIN_REV1	Digital video signal (R/Pr)		$MAIN \to DSP$
		159	VIN_REV0	Digital video signal (R/Pr)	LSB	$MAIN \to DSP$
		160	GND2	GND		

# **BLOCK DIAGRAMS**



#### **MAIN PWB**

